The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,349—New Series. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, MAY 9, 1882.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

Commencing with the s. s. HOSETTA, leaving Bombay on the 16th June, the Company's Steamers will call at Colombo instead of Point de Galle.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Friday.
L. CLYDE	4100	750	M. Edmond	12th May.
— KHIVA	2809	450	G. Scrivener	19th ,,
L. INDUS	3462	600	S. D. Shallard	26th ,,
			Tuesday.	
— BOKHARA	2932	500	J. Reeves	30th May.
L. ROHILLA	3509	700	W. Barratt	6th June.
— KASHGAR	2621	450	R. G. Murray	13th ,,
L. VERONA	3116	600	E. Ashdown	20th ,,
— SURAT	3142	530	W. E. Breeze	27th ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID-MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRIN, DISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceeded direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via London, both ways.
First Class	Rs. 900	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600

SIX MONTHS.

First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1882.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4023 700	J. C. Babot	19th May.
KHEDIVE	3826 600	F. R. Tomlin	2nd June.
ROSETTA	3500 700	A. E. Barlow	16th ,,

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class.	2nd Class.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	Rs. 600	Rs. 375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, April 22, 1882.

RUBATTINO STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

THE Regular Mail-steamers, under contract with Italian Government, leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 15th and on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and other ports.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class .. Rs. 500	Including wines, with food.	I Class .. Rs. 520	Including wines, with food.
II do. 350		II do. 360	
III do. 150		III do. 155	

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

GIAVA, on Monday, 15th May, 1882.
SUMATRA, on Thursday, 1st June, 1882.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board, free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 12 days.

From Genoa, I Class Calais Route, Rs. 95 Brighton Route Rs. 80
,, ,, II do. do. ,, 70 do. ,, 55
From Naples, I do. do. ,, 145 do. ,, 130
,, ,, II do. do. ,, 105 do. ,, 93

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, 3rd April, 1882.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO & CO.'S EXTRA ITALIAN MAIL STEAMER "GIAVA."

2,000 Tons, 400 H.P., will sail for NAPLES, GENOA AND MARSEILLES on the 15th May, 1882.

THIS New Steamer is fitted out with the latest improvements for Passenger accommodation.

F. BOZZONI,
Bombay, 4th April, 1882. Agent.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' S. N. Co.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP	To sail
ORION (new)	S. Malnovich	3,500	600	8th June.

They will perform their passages AT INCREASED SPEED, thus reducing the average passage from BOMBAY to BRINDISI (via Canal) to 19½ days and to TRIESTE to 21 days.

Passage-money by these two voyages, Trieste or Brindisi, 1st class, Rs. 500.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE,

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP	To sail
s. s. RELIOS	A. Tercig	2,000	400	8th July.
s. s. AGLAIA	P. Marcovich	1,927	400	8th Aug.
s. s. DAPHNE	G. Doncich	1,927	400	8th Sept.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:

To	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140
To Brindisi (via Port Said)	375	295	143
To Port Said	300	215	131
To Suez	230	240	122
To Aden	170	130	66

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP.	To sail
s. s. AGLAIA	P. Marcovich	1,927	400	2nd June.
s. s. DAPHNE	G. Doncich	1,927	400	2nd July.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle,
Bombay, May 4th, 1882.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS, BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT MALTA.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

S. S.	Captain	Tons, H. P.	1882.
WISTOW HALL	T. Collin	2,700 400	About 20th May.
RYDAL HALL	O. Lloyd	2,700 400	,, 17th June
SPEKE HALL	W. Brand	2,700 400	,, 15th July

FARE TO LIVERPOOL, Rs. 500.

Special terms can be made for passengers leaving during June to November and returning March to July.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and other particulars as to, Passages apply to EDWARD BATES & Co., and KING, KING and Co.

CARGO.

Cargo is carried via Liverpool on favourable terms on through Bills of Lading to London, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp, Ghent, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Dunkirk, New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.

The shipment of packages from up-country by this line is also undertaken.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
33, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 13th January, 1882.

CLAN LINE.

THE following sailings have been fixed:—

	Tons.		
CLAN GORDON	2,200	For Liverpool about	15th May.
CLAN ALPINE	2,200	,, London ,,	15th ,,
CLAN MACLEAN	2,400	,, Liverpool ,,	31st ,,

Passage money to London or Liverpool .... Rs. 450

For further particulars apply to FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay, 1st April, 1882. Agents.

FOR COAST AND COMPTA.

S. S. PEARL will SAIL positively on MONDAY, the 15th May, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Hurnee, Muttagherchy, Vyapore, Malwan, Vingorla, Chapra, Marmagon, Carwar, and Compta.

DADABHOY JAMSETJEE,
No. 14, Meadow Street. Agent, s. s. Pearl.

ANCHOR LINE S. S. INDIA.

2,289 Tons, 500 H. P. nomi.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES AND GENOA, OR OVERLAND TO LONDON VIÂ EITHER PORT.

THIS steamer will sail as above on the 13th May.

Fare to Naples or Genoa ..... Rs. 400
,, to London *via* either port. 500

Heavy baggage will be sent on to Liverpool Without extra charge

Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 31st April, 1882. Agents.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

BOMBAY TO LONDON.

S. S. KHANDALLA, 2,040 tons, Captain C. N. Wood, sails on TUESDAY, 16th May, 1882, at 5 p.m., calling at Kurrachee and Lisbon, and is due to arrive in London on 25th June.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. BANCOORA, 2,880 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 10th May, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,080 Tons, on TUESDAY, 9th May, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on FRIDAY, 12th May, 1882, at 11 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. MECCA, 1,450 Tons, on SATURDAY, 20th, May 1882.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 4th May, 1882 Agents.

INCH LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO HULL VIA SUEZ CANAL.

S. S. INCHULVA, 2,500 tons, 160 A. 1, 1,200 H.P.I., sailing from Bombay on or before 18th May, will have room for a few first-class Passengers, Gentlemen preferred, as no Stewardess is carried.

FARE Rs. 350.

Apply to
SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 3rd May, 1882. Agents, Bombay.

COOK'S NEW SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLING TICKETS, available for one or more passengers by any route from all chief Railway Stations in India to EGYPT, PALESTINE, CENTRAL EUROPE, GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, CHINA, JAPAN, AMERICA, and ALL PARTS of the GLOBE.

The arrangements for travelling through India are under the special authority of the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India, and are intended exclusively for International Travellers.

As the sole accredited agents of the Italian Government Railway Administration, THOS. COOK & SON, issue tickets to through passengers from India, which will enable them to visit Naples, Rome, Florence, Milan, &c., at reduced fares.

For full particulars apply to THOS. COOK & SON, 5, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY (originators of the European Tourist and Excursion system), established 1841.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW SEASON'S CROP, 1881.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
ROUGH SCOTCH OATMEAL,
in 2 lb. Tins.
CASH EIGHT ANNAS.

TREACHER & Co., (Limited).

REDUCED PRICES.

TREACHER'S
SOLUBLE DIETETIC COCOA,
Highly nourishing and easy of digestion.
1 lb. tins, Cash As. 14.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

UNSWEETENED GIN.

TREACHER'S SPECIAL IMPORTATION.

A SAFE and WHOLESOME STIMULANT, eminently suited for Indian consumption.

Per case of 1 dozen, cash Rs. 18.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS.

	Cash prices.	Rs.	as.
Californian Apples	Per tin	0	8
Californian Apricots	,,	1	0
Californian Grapes	,,	1	0
Californian Peaches	,,	1	0
Californian Pears	,,	1	0
Californian Plums	,,	1	0
Californian Greengages	,,	1	0
Californian Raspberries	,,	1	0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

BASS'S PALE ALE,
BOTTLED BY FOSTER AND SONS.

"IT is gratifying to find in each analysis that the reputation of this firm (who are Messrs. Bass and Co.'s principal bottling agents) for supplying the best and most genuine malt liquors is honourably sustained."

Per dozen Qts.	Cash Rs.	5-12
Do. Imperial Pints	,,	5-0
Do. Pints	,,	3-12

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE NEW REMEDY FOR
INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

LACTOPEPTINE,

a composition of PTYALINE, PEPSINE PANCREATINE, HYDROCHLORIC, and LACTIC ACIDS presented in an agreeable SACCHARATED form.

It is palatable and easy of administration, has DIGESTIVE POWER SEVEN TIMES GREATER THAN THAT OF PEPSINE, and contains all the agents of digestion that act upon food, from mastication to its conversion into chyle.

Original bottles, with measure and directions for use ..... Cash Rs. 2-8

SOLE AGENTS.
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily,
,, ,, ,, Overland Summary,
,, ,, ,, Weekly Budget,
,, ,, ,, Bi-weekly,
The Indian Travellers' Guide,
Maclean's Guide to Bombay,

and for all other publications issuing from this office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER and Co.'s Branch Establishment, East-street, Poona.

FEBRUARY 15, 1882.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"WISTOW HALL" ARRIVED, 7TH MAY 1882.

CONSIGNEES are requested to TAKE DELIVERY of their cargo from the Prince's Dock. Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal, otherwise no claim will be admitted.

EDWARD, BATES & Co.,
Bombay, 8th May, 1882. Agents.

LOTTERY

IN aid of the EURASIAN AND ANGLO-INDIAN ASSOCIATION, will be held at Bangalore, under sanction of Government.

Total amount of lottery Rs. 1,00,000 in 50,000 tickets of Rs. 2 each; half of which amount will be divided into 1,250 prizes, ranging from Rs. 2 to Rs. 5,000. The remaining Rs. 50,000 will be devoted to the establishment of Eurasian and Anglo-Indian villages in Mysore.

No member of the Association will be entitled to any remuneration for his work, in connection with the Lottery, and no portion of the funds will be devoted to money grants. No agents to be employed.

The prizes will be drawn under the immediate supervision of two scrutineers, to be appointed by Government. Rules with list of Managing Committee, and Forms of Application, will be supplied.

Applications for tickets, with remittance in full (with return postage included), by Post Office order only, to be made to

R. H. JAMES,
Lottery Secretary, Bangalore, Mysore.

THACKER & CO., Ld.

READING ROOM.

VISITORS to BOMBAY can see the following papers in Messrs. THACKER and Co.'s Saloon on the arrival of the Overland mail, and are invited to pass a spare half hour in so doing, the papers being filed for their convenience:—

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS.
GRAPHIC.
PUNCH.
ILLUSTRATED SPORTING & DRAMATIC NEWS.
TRUTH.
VANITY FAIR.
WORLD.
ARMY & NAVY GAZETTE.
FIELD.
OVERLAND MAIL.
HOME NEWS.
QUEEN.

THACKER & Co., Ld.,
7, RAMPART ROW.

THACKER & COMPANY, Ld.

FRENCH ART PUBLICATIONS.

	Rs.	a.
HIPPOLYTE BELLANGER ET SON ÆUVRE, avec Eaux-fortes et facsimile (Bibliotheque de l'Art and de la curiosite)	10	0
L'ANNEE ARTISTIQUE, 1880-1, par V. Champier.	3	12
LE STATUAIRE J. B. CARPEAUX, sa vie et son Æuvre, par E. Chesneard, Etchings ...	10	0
EUGENE FROMENTIN, PEINTRE ET ECRIVAIN, par M. Louis Gonso, augmente d'un Voyage en Egypte, Gravures	20	0
L'ART ANCIEN A L'EXPOSITION DE 1878. Many engravings, half morocco	17	8
L'ART MODERNE ditto ditto ...	17	8
VAN DYCK SA VIE ET SON ÆUVRE, par Jules Guiffrey. Folio 130 engravings	50	0
L'ART A TRAVERS LES MŒURS, par H. Havard. Illustrations par C. Gantzwiller ...	16	0
FRANCOIS BOUCHER, LEMOYNE ET NATOIRE, par Paul Mantz. 140 Engravings, folio ...	50	0
LA VIE ET L'ÆUVRE DE J. F. MILLET, par A. Sensier, numerous engravings	25	0
BIBLIOTHEQUE DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT DES BEAUX ART—		
LA PEINTURE HOLLANDAISE, par M. Henry Havard. Un volume de 288 pages et 92 gravures	1	12
LA MOSAIQUE, par M. Gerspach, chef du Bureau des Manufactures nationales au Ministère des Arts. 1 volume de 272 pages et 68 gravures	1	12
L'ANTOMIE ARTISTIQUE, par M. Mathias Duval, Professeur à l'Ecole des beaux-arts et à la Faculté de médecine. Un volume de 336 pages et 77 gravures ...	1	12
L'ARCHEOLOGIE GREQUE, par M. Collignon, professeur d'antiquites grecques et romaines a la Faculte des Letters de Bordeaux. Un volume de 368 pages et 141 gravures	1	12
LA HOLLANDE A VOL D'OISEAU, 150 engravings, small folio	16	0
L'AMERIQUE DU NORD PITTORESQUE, 300 engravings, folio	30	0
REPERTOIRE POLITIQUE ET HISTORIQUE 1880...	5	0
ÆUVRES POETIQUES DE MILLEVOYE, 3 vols. 7 etchings	15	0
LA VIE DE BENEVENUTO CELLINI, many etchings and engravings...	25	0
GOETHE-FAUST, traduction de H. Blaze de Bury, illustrated folio half bound. ...	30	0
L'IMITATION DE JESUS CHRIST, traduction de Michel de Marillac, Etchings	12	8

THACKER & CO., Ld.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

MANGO SEASON.—Orders registered for regular supplies of the finest MAZAGON MANGOES.—H. HAMILTON and Co., Hamilton's Hotel, Mazagon, Bombay.

NOOR MAHOMED & Co., Tailors, 34, Meadow-street. Fine Angola Suits, single or double breasted coat and trousers, from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25. Material all wool.

WANTED, a good second-hand square PIANO. Apply to H. S. SYMONS, 38, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

DEVOE'S best refined KEROSINE-OIL for SALE at moderate rates. Apply to KHIMJEE JEEWA and Co., Carnac Bunder, iron depots.

FOR SALE, a few FILTERS—LIPSCOMBE'S PATENT, universally acknowledged to be the best. Rs. 20 and Rs. 25 each, cash. J. NEUBERG.

FOR SALE, a chesnut COB, lately the property of Dr. Day, Supdt. Matheran. For full particulars apply to the MANAGER, Livery Stable Co., Bombay.

FOR SALE, a lady's DRESSING-BAG, with fittings complete, quite new. Price Rs. 75, original price Rs. 125. Apply "N. J.," this paper.

HEIDSICK'S DRY MONOPOLE.—A fresh consignment of quarts and pints just landed ex Str. Brindisi. Apply at the Godowns of Messrs. VOLKART BROS.

MATHERAN CLARENDON HOTEL, OPEN to VISITORS. Excellent accommodation. TERMS—MODERATE.

TO BE LET, commodious and airy FLOOR in Church Gate Street. Apply to M. H. MAJU, No. 22, Church Gate Street, Indian Tea Emporium.

BOMBAY CLUB.—HOUSE STEWARD WANTED, to reside in the Club. Salary Rs. 200 per month.—Apply to HONORARY SECRETARY.

BILLIARDS.—Skittle or Devil's Pool, complete with Skittles, Counters, Pool Basket, Rules of the game and Diagram at Rs. 10 at JOHN ROBERTS and Co.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1882. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TO LET, an UPPER-STOREYED pleasantly-situated HOUSE, Bellasis-road, close to Byculla Club. Gas and water laid on. Apply to Mr. F. ROWLAND, Byculla.

SINGER'S SEWING-MACHINES are the best, the simplest, and the most durable. Have won the highest awards and have the largest sale in the world. For cash or monthly payments. Head office, 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

COOLIE-CYCLES.—The undersigned agents for the Patentee receive orders for the above, single or double, as per sketch which appeared in the "Graphic," 25th March, 1881. Specimens in use can be seen on application.—SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.

AN experienced and thoroughly qualified ACCOUNTANT and BOOK-KEEPER is desirous of an Engagement in a Mercantile firm in Bombay; at present holding a place of trust in the Punjab; of active and strictly sober habits. Excellent testimonials. Address "BOOK-KEEPER," care of Post Master, Lahore.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—BARTON & Co., General Merchants of Meadow-street, have much pleasure to inform the Local and Mofussil Residents that they will shortly REMOVE their Shop to the extensive premises, "FRENCH SHOP," known as AUX VILLES DE FRANCE, Church Gate-street, and have commenced CLEARANCE SALE.

WANTED, an EDITOR, European or Native, able to conduct a Weekly or Bi-weekly paper. Persons, who have not previously acted as such, need not apply. Applicants should also give full and true information of their previous life. Salary according to qualification. For further particulars, apply to the PROPRIETOR, "Wales Press," Sukkur, Sind, stating terms and minimum salary.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, Interleaved, Rs. 6-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ICES, TEA, COFFEE, Ærated Waters, Sandwiches, &c., at PEARSE'S also at the Coffee Rooms, Young Men's C. A., opposite Sailor's Home.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S EXHILARATING STILL HOCKS.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Cash. per dozen. Quarts. Rs. as.			Cash. per dozen. Pints. Rs. as.
42 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Johannisberg	... 23 0
	The perfection of Hocks, highly aromatic flavour and deliciously soft to the taste.		
33 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Liebfraumilch	... 17 8
	A very fine full-bodied wine, rich in character and flavour.		
27 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Nierstein	... 14 8
	Very soft and good bouquet.		
23 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Hochheimer	... 12 8
	A very agreeable dinner wine, soft, delicate, and fine.		
23 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Steinwein	... ...
	Of great fragrance, pure and natural.		
20 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ... Geisenheim	... 11 0
	Good flavour and body, can be well recommended.		
17 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ... Laubenheim	... 9 8
	A light dinner wine, sound, and adapted for general use.		

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FORTY PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH ONLY.

LADIES' GENERAL FRENCH OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE,
AUX VILLES DE FRANCE.

NOTICE.

THE SALE WILL BE CONTINUED
UNTIL THE 13TH INST.

FURTHER REDUCTION.
GREATER SACRIFICES.

LAST WEEK,
LAST WEEK,
LAST WEEK.

FIFTY PER CENT. DISCOUNT ON KID GLOVES.

MEIFFRE, NEVEU AND CO.,
RAMPART-ROW,
AND CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
"THE" WINE MERCHANTS OF INDIA,
FOUNDED IN 1815.

Price lists may be obtained on application or post free from:—

CUTLER, PALMER and CO., Old Club House, Rampart-row W. ..... Bombay.
CUTLER, PALMER and CO., 10, Hare-street ..... Calcutta.
CUTLER, PALMER and CO., 16, Second Line Beach ..... Madras.
CUTLER, PALMER and CO., Beau Parc, Upper Mall ..... Lahore.

LONDON. { Export offices: 3, New London Street, Mark Lane, E.C.
West End House: Garrick House, Adelphi, W.C.
BORDEAUX, Place du Champ de Mars.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
CHRONOMETER & WATCHMAKERS.

C. MARCKS & CO.'S silver hunting lever watch, in stout sterling silver cases.

Nett Rs. 45.
With keyless action,
Nett Rs. 60.
Two years guarantee.

C. MARCKS & CO.'S silver crystal case lever watch in stout sterling silver case.

Nett Rs. 42.
With Keyless action,
Nett Rs. 58.
Two years guarantee.

C. MARCKS & CO.'S German silver keyless crystal-faced watches with superior full-jewelled lever movement, that will stand riding and a great deal of rough usage.

Rs. 30, Cash.

C. MARCKS & CO.'S celebrated Campaign watch, so favorably known by almost every officer in Her Majesty's Indian Army.

Rs. 35 and Rs. 40 Cash.

C. MARCKS & CO.'S Railway Watches, of three different large sizes, with very powerful lever movements, is a first-rate time-keeper, and the strongest watch in existence.

Rs. 40, Rs. 45, and Rs. 55 Cash.

All the above Watches being keyless and crystal-cased, they never require opening, the winding being done by the knob, and the setting by pressing in the pin with the nail and turning the knob to left or right.

GOLD WATCHES from Rs. 60 to Rs. 400.

Repeaters, Clockwatches, Chronographs, Calendar Watches and every kind of high class gold Watch in stock at from Rs. 450 to Rs. 3,000.

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WM. WATSON & Co.,
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CHUBB'S PATENT DETECTOR
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FITTED WITH TWO KEYS.
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1, 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3½ and 4 inches.

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ESTABLISHED 1847.

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May be had at this office and at the book-seller.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies, Steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c. With a new coloured map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Indian postage one anna. Published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* office.

ANGLO-INDIAN AND GENERAL AGENCY,
ESTABLISHED 1867.
BOMBAY, 28, Apollo Street.
LONDON, 27, Leadenhall Street, E. C.
TELEGRAPH HOME REMITTANCES.
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THE undersigned, in addition to the ordinary manner of effecting Home Remittances by Drafts, also TELEGRAPH payments at current rates of Exchange to be made at once in any part of the United Kingdom and Continent of Europe.

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WM. WATSON & CO.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

SALE OF STOCK IN TRADE OF MILLINERY SHOP, IN MEADOW STREET.

On THURSDAY, the 11th day of May, 1882, at 1-30 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by public auction, at the above place, by order of the Official Assignee, H. C., and in Re Sorabjee Dorabjee Majoo (an insolvent), the whole of his Millinery shop, consisting of millinery, haberdashery, perfumery, jewellery, ladys' gent's and children's boots and shoes, slippers, albums, shop furniture, glass door cupboards, and sundry miscellaneous goods.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 9th May, 1882.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On FRIDAY, the 12th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will hold their usual auction sale at their room as under:—

To close an account, will sell without reserve,
A small lot of very superior sort of opera glasses with leather cases, and 1 English concertina.
A collection of Japanese lacquered teapoys, in varieties, porcel ain coffee sets, card trays, flower vases, tea pots, cups and saucers, &c. &c.
1 cask bacon.
15 boxes sautern.
A lot of teak and blackwood furniture.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Bombay, 9th May, 1882.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

On MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, Harkness-road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome French-polished black wood and teak wood carved and plain household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, rich China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, a handsome English built landau in very good order, a handsome English-built mail-phaeton in excellent order, a pair of handsome fast trotting bay Arab horses, a pair of handsome fast trotting iron grey Arab horses, sets of plated mounted double and single harness, &c., &c., the property of the late Surgeon-Major A. H. Hughes.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 9th May, 1882.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF SHARES IN THE BOMBAY INSURANCE COMPANY (IN LIQUIDATION).

Under instructions from the Liquidator of the Bombay Insurance Company, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 10th inst., at 2 p.m.:—

21 shares in the said Company—Nos. 4, 5, 9, 11 to 15, 16 to 20, 43, 44, 48, 49, 50, 52, 59, 75, 77, 79, and 94.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF SHARES IN THE FORBES & Co.'S CONSTITUENT INSURANCE Co. (IN LIQUIDATION).

Under instructions from the Liquidator of the Forbes & Co.'s Constituent Insurance Company, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 10th inst., at 2 p.m.:—

33 shares in the said Company—Nos. 1, 4 to 13, 26, 28, 33, 38, 39, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 49 to 53, 75, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95 and 96.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 9th May, 1882.

NOTICES.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

A DIVIDEND of RUPEES FIVE, equivalent of Ten Shillings per share, at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the Capital Stock of the Corporation for the half year ended 31st December, 1881, WILL BE PAID at this office to the shareholders in India on and after MONDAY, the 15th instant.

The Transfer books at this Agency will be closed from this date to Monday, the 15th instant, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
Bombay, May 2, 1882. E. J. REID, Agent.

ROSALINE.

A LOTION for the relief of Prickly-Heat. If the skin is sponged for a few minutes with the Rosaline, relief is invariably obtained. It contains nothing which can be injurious to the skin, and does not act as an astringent. On infants especially its soothing

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 8.

THERE was nothing new in the London telegrams of Saturday. From Liverpool Cotton for arrival seems to have been a shade firmer ; spots the same. American day's receipts 4,000 bales, and August futures 12·62, which is 6 points lower. The Cotton market here to-day is not better, however. It has been extremely quiet during the day, and though quotations are no lower, the general feeling is easier. For the time at least there are very few buyers, and the amount of business put through has been very limited. We hear of some Broach sold at Rs. 227, and some Good Fair Dhollera at Rs. 171—all Native selection, however—and the same in Fine Dhollera has been offered at Rs. 202, with a guarantee, but it has not induced business. Some very low rates are said to have been accepted for ready lots by those who are obliged to realise.

The Piece-goods market has been very quiet for a day or two now, and some importers have rather been forcing sales.

EXCHANGE.—We quote the rates of the day as follows :—

	Demand.	3 months.	4 months.
Banks.....	1 8 3-16	1 8 5-8	1 8¼
	3 months.	6 months.	
Credits	1 8 15-32	1 8⅝	
Documents ..	1 8¼	1 8 21-32	
Francs	216	213	

The tone of the market is weak, and there are not many bills offering.

FREIGHTS are fairly steady at Saturday's quotations.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is quiet at Rs. 101⅛ for 4 and 108¼ for 4½ per cent., and the amount of business done during the day has been limited.

In shares Bank and Miscellaneous are unchanged. Press shares are firm, except Mofussil, which we quote Rs. 5 lower, namely, Rs. 330.

For Spinning shares the feeling has again been strong, and a very general advance has taken place of Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 all round. Alliance are now quoted Rs. 660, Dhurrumsey Rs. 475, Hindustan Rs. 975, Jewraz Balloo Rs. 925, K. Mucconjee Rs. 895, M. Petit Rs. 1,240, Morarjee Rs. 1,160, Great Eastern Rs. 880, Oriental Rs. 615, Western India Rs. 860.

In Land Companies Port Canning is now quoted Rs. 212½.

We publish below, as usual, the weekly returns of the Bank of Bombay, the salient features in which are a large increase in the amount of Bills discounted, viz., Rs. 15,80,030 and a consequent diminution in the Cash and Notes at head office and with correspondents of Rs. 13,88,692. There is a falling-off also in Public Deposits at head office of Rs. 8,70,163, but an increase at the branches of Rs. 3,89,342, and an increase of other deposits of Rs. 1,95,041.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay.....	20,000	500	all	50 pct.	7324
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	850
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	700
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£	£			
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	3 do.	130
National Bank of India	37,320	250	12½	2 do.	96

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	875
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 p.ct.	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	Rs. 70	450 1,130
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	40	460
Bollary	625	1,000	1 000	30 p. s.	575
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.....	600	500	all	Rs. 37½	475
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co..	1,400	250	all	10	61
GlabraPress Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	1,025
Dholles Press and Ginning Co.....	500	300	all	30	240
East India Press Co ..	700	1,000	1,000	120	1,130
Fort Press Co	150	325	8,500	300 p.s.	2,650
French Press Co.....	300	500	all	45 p. s.	565
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	Rs. 35	530
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	15 p. s.	330
New Indian Press	2,400	125	125	Rs. 15	207½
Prince of W. Press ..	120	.....	1,500	235	1,925
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	Rs. 80	1,200
Sassoon Press Co	300	00	500	25	450
Volkart's Press Co....	450	00	a	50	650

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,425
Parell S. & W. Co. Ltd.	2,500	400	400	50	220
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company.....	30,000	1,000	100	Rs. 10	135
New issue	..	100	50	..	80
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	500	500	30 p. s	525
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ltd.	1,800	1,000	..	Rs. 40	660
Bhowanuggur Mills ..	300	2,000	2,000	100	750
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	870
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	Rs. 4	665
Coorla Mills	800	50	1,000	50	830
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	475
Empress S. & W. Co..	736	500	all	Rs. 25	670
Ditto (New issue)	400	500	150	040	540
Golam Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	400	20	555
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	975
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,075
Jaffer All Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	690
Jewraz Bhaiboo	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	925
handeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	875
Khatao Mackwinee ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	895
Madras United	750	1,000	1,000	100 p.	1,950
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	500	Rs. 55	750
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	Rs. 8	1,240
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	15 p. c.	225
Morarjee Goculdas ...	1,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,160
National Spinning....	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	785
New Great Eastern ..	1,100	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	880
Oriental	4,000	625	625	Rs. 55	615
Prince of Wales Spinning Company..	1,500	500	500	35	290
Sassoon S. & W. Co..	1,500	1,000	1,000	70	1,330xd
Shoinpore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,110
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	50	830
Southern India	500	500	Rs. 30	Rs. 40	590
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	60	815
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 45	860

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills ..	00	1,000	1,000	100	425
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,200	100	100	5 p.c	145x. 130d.
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	2,475
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association.....	5,000	100	10	10 p.ct.	10
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	1,400	100	100	..	100
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co. ..	500	500	300	80	410
Mechanics Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct	12
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company..	5,000	200	50	5 p.ct.	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct.	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000	1,000	p.a. Rs. 100	1,075
Ripon Gold Mining Co., Ld.	30,000 A	10	6	..	24
Do.	1,000 B	100	100	..	990
Treacher & Company.	2,000	500	all	Rs. 90	985
Thacker & Company.	1,000	100	100	15	190
Wynaad Gold Mining Co. Ld.....	20,000	25	20	..	
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000		5	..	6

BANK OF BOMBAY.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay issued on the 6th May, as compared with the statement of 29th April :—

LIABILITIES.	April 29. Rs.	May 6. Rs.
Proprietors' Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund, invested in Govt. and other authorized Securities..	22,25,000	22,25,000
Public Deposits at Head Office....	42,87,293	34,17,206
Do. do. at Branches.....	6,62,025	10,51,367
Other Deposits	2,11,91,358	2,13,86,399
Post Bills	9,071	8,677
Cash Credits, under the Chamber reversing	4,72,437	4,27,057
	3,88,47,267	3,85,15,706
ASSETS.		
Govt. & other authorized Securities	66,55,437	64,23,631
Cash Credits, on Security of Govt. Paper, Bullion, and Merchandize	13,10,003	12,80,160
Loans, on Security of do	58,29,985	58,33,988
Current Accounts, overdrawn	5,801	4,791
ills Discounted.....	1,18,47,195	1,34,27,225
Stamps.....	2,809	2,822
Dead Stock..... Rs. 5,50,358		
Amt. applied in reduction.. 2,25,000		
	3,25,358	3,25,358
Bullion		
Cash Balances with Correspondents	6,06,191	3,42,056
	6,13,975	4,93,000
Cash and Currency Notes.....	1,16,56,392	1,03,82,675
	3,88,47,267	3,85,15,706

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO Co.'s steamer Giava, 2,037 tons, Captain A. Cruciola, arrived in harbour on the 7th instant from Genoa (10th April) in ballast.

THE steamer Darien, 1,779 tons, Captain J. R. Inch, arrived in harbour yesterday from Marseilles (17th April) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. James Makintosh and Co.

THE steamer Elpis, 1,301 tons, Captain W. Turner, arrived in harbour on the 7th instant from Aden (30th April), in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Wallace and Co.

THE steamer St. Albans, 1,315 tons, Captain J. Schofield, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Said (19th April) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co.

THE ship Marathon, 1,139 tons, Captain R. C. Jones, which arrived in harbour on the 7th instant, from Liverpool (24th Dec.), brought a cargo of 1,658 tons coals. The ship's vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE steamer Maurice et Reunion, 1,242 tons, Captain A. Lalande, sailed yesterday for London with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. and Mrs. Hill and two children, and Mrs. and Miss Robinson and child.

THE steamer Bussorah, 1,292 tons, Captain W. Crowden, which arrived in harbour on the 6th instant from Jeddah (23rd April), brought a general cargo and 30 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.

THE Hall Line steamer Wistow Hall, 1,729 tons, Captain T. Collin, which arrived in harbour on the 7th instant from Liverpool (8th April), brought a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs. and Miss Greaves, Mr. and Mrs. Couldrey, Mr. B. Read, Captain Smith, Mr. Davies, and one ayah.

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
8	St. Albans (s)	Schofield....	Port Said, April 19.
	Kungra (s)	Wood	London, March 23.
	Darien(s).....	Inch	Marseilles, April 17.

DEPARTURES.

May	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
8	I.G. Tenasserim(s)	Creagh	Kurrachee.
	Vorwaerts (s)	Marussig ..	Trieste, &c.
	M. et Reunion (s)..	Lalande	London.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Darien, to Havre.
Steamer Grantally, to Port Said.
Steamer Giava, to Genoa, &c.
Steamer Renfrew, to Antwerp.
Steamer Elpis, to United Kingdom.
Steamer Corinth, to Liverpool.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

May
4 Satara (s) ..... Morby ..... Camorta, April 22.
Berengaria ..... Bedill ..... Middlesbrough, Jan. 8.
Carnarvon Castle. Blackmore.. London, Jan. 10.
Lady Ruthven.... Bache ..... London, Jan. 26.
Blair Athol ..... Taylor ..... Liverpool, Jan. 18.
Arundel Castle .. Stier ..... Algoa Bay, Feb. 12.
Sophia Joakim ... Lawry ..... Mauritius, March 17.

DEPARTURES.

May 4.—Steamers Medina, Chindwara and Scindia. Ship Serapis, and a barque (showed J. T. N. M.)

DAILY IMPORTS.—MAY 8.

FROM GLASGOW.

India (s)—25 cases whisky and 275 casks pale ale, Wallace and Co ; 50 cases whisky, Sorabjee Cowasjee ; 16 casks paint of sorts and 50 drums soft soap, Nuzerally Surufally and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Bretton Hall (s)—50 cases stout, Sorabjee Cowasjee ; 41 cases clocks, Merwanjee Cursetjee ; 27 cases oilmanstores, and 3 cases soap, Surufally Heptcola.
India (s)—250 barrels alum, Esmalljee Allybnoy ; 17 cases soap, Esmaljee Abdool Raman ; 44 cases provisions, Sleeman and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Brindisi (s)—10 cases champagne, 100 cases claret and 25 cases cognac, George Lockart and Co ; 17 cases sherry, Benn Ashley and Co ; 10 cases claret, 3 cases sherry, 2 cases brandy-liqueur and 10 hampers champagne, Cutler-Palmer and Co ; 35 cases sherry and 10 cases cognac, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee ; 4 drums soft soap, Walter Nutter and Co.
India (s)—50 cases whisky, D. D. Shah.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 8.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Chasca—50 bales cotton, P. Chrystal and Co ; 300 bales cotton, P. Chrystal and Co.
Bosun Umah—250 bales cotton, Ritchie, Steuart and Co ; 148 bales cotton, Bhimsee Nuthoo.
Cape Comorin—100 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.
Carlisle—100 bales cotton, Maggun Jaitha ; 500 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.
Grampian—799 cwts myrabolams, Ralli Brothers.
Hampshire (s)—51 bales hemp, Jairam Lilladhur ; 31 bales wool and 1 bale cotton, Perajee Luckmidass ; 17 bales wool, Narronjee Mooljee ; 23 bales cotton, Nurses Khuttow ; 22 bales cotton, Premsunsee Lalljee ; 55 bales cotton, Casseeram Govindlall ; 63 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 26 bales cotton, Ghella Luckumsee ; 705 cwts. myrabolams and 28½ cwts. nux vomica, Jetha Purshotum.
Carmona (s)—502½ cwts bones, Khan Mahomed Nensey ; 46 cwts wheat, Ruttonsee Mooljee ; 800 cwts wheat, Coovorjee Nursee ; 20 bales wool, Shamaldass Jairamdass ; 58 bales wool, Hurjeewan Vussonjee ; 53 bales wool and 53 bales cotton, Buchurdass Pragjee ; 76 bales cotton, Pragjee Luckmedass ; 126 bales cotton, Soorjee Poonja ; 800 cwts. wheat, Heerjee Sewjee ; 300 bales cotton, P. Chrystal and Co.
Kenyon—100 bales cotton, Peel Cassels and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Eastern Chief (s)—675 cwts myrabolams, Thakersee Soonderdass.
Maurice et Reunion (s)—7 bales skins, Esmall Gangjee and Co ; 55 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.
Clyde (s)—1 bale cotton, Cassum Nagoor Meera and Co ; 41 bales hides, Shaik Woodmanally and Co ; 21 bales hides, P. M. Syed Sherajoodin and Co ; 23 bales hides and skins, Vana Ana Syed Mohidin ; 13 bales skins, Mahamedally Taid and Co ; 18 bales hides, Shaik Poolay and Co ; 23 bales skins, Sayed Ahmed Meera and Co ; 47 bales hides ; Mahamedally and Co ; 2,400 cwts wheat, Govindjee Madhowjee ; 630 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 16 bales hides and skins, Geo. Teil and Co ; 2,799 cwts linseed, P. Chrystal and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Giava (s)—200 bales cotton, A. Blaschock and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Giava (s)—3,025 cwts gingellyseed and 4,000 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co ; 50 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co.
India (s)—300 bales cotton, R. Lupi and Co.

FOR HULL.

Gulf of Suez (s),—4,000½ cwts. linseed, P. Chrystal and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Lancaster (s)—200 bales cotton and 644½ cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers.
Amy Dora (s)—1,963½ cwts. poppy seed, Sigg-Sulzer and Co.

FOR ANTWERP

Renfrew (s)—3,000 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co. ; 230 cwts horns, 3,001½ cwts gingelly seed, 7,199 cwts linseed, 200 cwts weedseed, 2,750 cwts poppy seed, 9,999 cwts ground nuts, 9,000 cwts rapeseed, and 501 cwts mustard seed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mount Lebanon (s)—939 cwts. gingelly seed, Sigg-Sulzer and Co.
Giava (s).—16,800 cwts. wheat, E. Spinner and Co ; 1,399 cwts gingelly seed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Teutonia (s),—100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 220 bales cotton, Thomas H. Moore and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co ; 100 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Teutonia (s).—216 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 100 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co ; 50 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co.

FOR GENOA.

India (s)—40 cwts. wheat and 34 cwts tamarind, Finlay Muir and Co ; 200 bales cotton, R. Lupi and Co ; 1,100 cwts. wheat, L Singer and Co.
Giava (s).—350 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co.
India (s)—100 bales cotton, R. Lupi and Co.

FOR LEITH.

Peer of the Realm (s)—8,000 cwts wheat and 3,000 cwts linseed, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Darien (s)—150 cwts horns and 42,702 cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers.

FOR SUEZ.

Clyde (s)—390 cwts coffee, E. L. Moolchund.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Bancora (s)—400 bales cotton, C. Rustomjee Sethna ; 76 bales cotton, Dewcuran Ramcoover ; 120 bales cotton, Ramjeedas Luchmondas.

FOR HONGKONG.

Geelong (s)—6 cwts. Cambay stones, Fuzelally Moosabhoy ; 67 cwts sharkfins, Ebram Hasum ; 22½ cwts fishmaws and sharkfins, Khakeebhoy Nanjee ; 100 bales twist, the National S. and W. Co. ; 100 bales twist, the N. P. of W. S. and W. Co. ; 181 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co. ; 79 bales twist, W. and A. Graham and Co. ; 50 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram ; 102 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmedas ; 25 bales twist, Essa Sallay Mahomed ; 25 bales twist, S. N. Talatee and Co. ; 125 bales twist, Tata and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 5.

Shaw, Lieut., Leicestershire, on duty, from Quetta.
Woodhouse, Col., 11th Bombay N. I., on leave, from Baroda.

MAY 6.

Beckett, Major, Ex. Engineers, on leave, from Ferozpore.
Gambier, Lieut. Col., R. E., on leave, from Belgaum.

MAY 7.

Slaughter, Surg., from leave.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 2.

Prior, Lieut., R. A., from leave, to Secundrabad.

MAY 7.

Shaw, Lieut., Leicestershire, on duty, to Jubbulpore.

MAY 8.

Ross, Lieut. Col., Staff Corps, on leave, to England.
Morse, Captain, 24th Bombay N. I., on leave, to Bangalore.
Moore, Lieut. Col., Bombay Cavalry, on leave, to England.
Hassan, Surg., on leave, to Deccan.
Bennett, Surg. Major, on leave, to England.
Slaughter, Surg., from leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lt.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, May 9.

The usual monthly Regimental Committee meeting will be held at Head-quarters on Wednesday next, the 10th instant. at 6 p.m., (Bombay-time.) All members are requested to attend.

By order,
A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

A CARD.

MR. A. MENIST, the celebrated OCULIST and OPTICIAN, at the request of many friends, has DEFERRED HIS DEPARTURE until the 12th inst., when he positively leaves for Europe ; until then he may be consulted daily at C. MARCKS & Co., 2, Rampart-row, Bombay.

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS,

acknowledged by all who have used them to be a certain cure for HEAD-ACHE, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, DISEASES of DIGESTION, and FEVERS. These PILLS act with great mildness, cleansing the system of all impurities, without leaving the bowels in an unhealthy condition. Residents of hot climates find the mindispensable, and no family should be without them. Sold by Dealers everywhere.

GRAFENBERG COMPANY, NEW YORK.

Agents in Bombay : B. S. MADON & Co., J. M. NOWROJEE BOMANJEE & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS AND CO., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.

We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses, are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER.

SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurttemberg, Germany.
Established 1809.

THE steamer Helios has just ARRIVED in Bombay with a Special Consignment of the world-renowned iron-frame PIANOS by SCHIEDMAYER & SOEHNE in solid walnut-wood, full compass, and unrivalled sweetness of tone.

Plain square..... Rs. 675
Sympathetic..... " 750
Semi-grand, on three legs ..... " 1,250

Easy and advantageous terms by yearly purchase or hire system on application.

C. MARCKS & Co.,
Bombay, May 1, 1882. Sole Agents.

UNDER VICEREGAL PATRONAGE AND

OPTICIANS TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN INDIA.

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BOMBAY.

REGISTERED PROPRIETORS OF THE

METRICAL PEBBLE SPECTACLES

and the

LUCULENT GLARE PROTECTORS.

FOR the convenience of MOFUSSIL RESIDENTS, who are unable to visit us, we will, on application, forward a set of our patent METRICAL TEST GLASSES for self-fitting. Applicants must give a Bombay reference, or forward a deposit of Rs. 10, which will be refunded on the return of the Test Glasses.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

BRENNAN—May 8, the wife of J. Brennan, Government Dockyard, of a son.
DESOUZA—May 7, at Upper Mahim, the wife of Dr. P. C. DeSouza, and daughter of the late Colonel Antonio Severo de Carvalho e Souza, of Oporto, Lisbon, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

CARTY—April 28, at Amballa, Charles Jordon Carty, Superintendent of Post Offices, Jullundur Division, aged 50 years.
HELPS—May 1, at Singhbhoom Tea Factory, Claude Harold, son of William and Agnes Helps, aged one year.
MACKAY—May 2, at Babugarh, Meerut, Edward, son of G. Mackay, Veterinary Overseer, Horse Breeding Department, aged 98 days.
VOSS—May 3, at Serampore, Sophia Letitia, widow of the late Robert Voss, aged 69 years.
WILKINSON—May 3, at Calcutta, Arthur Henry, son of John and Catherine Wilkinson.

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, MAY 9, 1882.

WE can well believe that the assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke has caused a feeling of universal horror in London. It has caused the same feeling in Bombay, as it will no doubt wherever the dreadful news is read. The murder of the Chief Secretary and Mr. Burke has given a shock to the general conscience not exceeded by that occasioned by the assassination of President Lincoln by Wilkes Booth, or that of President Garfield by Guiteau. It is much to be apprehended that the assassins were demoralised in the atmosphere which nurtured the narrow fanaticism that proved fatal to two American Presidents within a few years. The fact that the weapon used was the knife lends some plausibility to the supposition. The bowie-knife has never hitherto been employed in Ireland. The atrocity of the crime, whoever were the assassins, will range upon the side of the Government the sympathy and the outraged sense of right of the whole country, and in this way may conduce to the restoration of a better feeling, and of that moral order without which there is no real security for life or property anywhere. The fact that Mr. Parnell has issued a strong manifesto denouncing the assassination as a disaster for the Irish cause, and declaring that the honour of the country will be sullied until the guilty are arrested, may be taken as an indication of the general feeling of shame and indignation evoked amongst the most pronounced Land Leaguers. Hitherto the great difficulty has been that the general sentiment of the population was opposed to the Government on all and every question connected with the administration of the law. When the president of the Land League pronounces the apprehension of the perpetrators of the butchery in Phœnix Park is essential for the honour of the country, it is evident that a better spirit has already made itself felt.

We are as yet without any indication of the determination of the Government under the altered circumstances of the political situation. There have been two Cabinet meetings, which shows that the matter is felt to require grave deliberation. The Conservative leaders and the *Times* newspaper have not apparently been so long in making up their minds. The former offer to support the Government if they resolve upon repressive measures, and the latter denounces the Ministry for having abandoned coercion. If the employment of repressive measures afforded any guarantee against the recurrence of such a frightful crime as that which has just horrified the world, it can hardly be supposed that Mr. Parnell himself would object to their being resorted to for a season. But if the crime had any motive at all, it was this, that by provoking a recurrence to exceptional measures which alienated and exasperated the great body of the population, the task of governing the country would be rendered more difficult than ever. The teaching of the Italian revolutionists, and more recently of the Nihilists, has not been lost upon the conspirators of hybrid American and Irish growth. They may have outplayed themselves in their cold-blooded calculation. The horror excited by their crime has a direct tendency to strengthen the Government and leave them without the support which they have hitherto looked for in the popular feeling. It would be a mistake in policy to throw away the one element of hope which the dismal circumstances present. An ill-considered though very natural application of repressive measures would tend to produce the very difficulties which the conspirators must have calculated upon in effecting their atrocious crime. The best thing the Ministry can do is to consider how best to build up a new public opinion in Ireland favourable to the law, and thereby give to life and property in that country a security which the perpetual recourse to coercive measures has certainly not succeeded in obtaining. When some sixty coercion Acts have been passed in eighty years, and the result has been what we see, the temptation to try a new departure is very strong.

"WHY don't you bring in a Reform Bill?" asked a Radical voter of Lord Palmerston on the hustings. "Because we are not geese," was the characteristic and conclusive reply. We feel rather inclined to deal almost as summarily with that reiterated interrogation of our Lahore contemporary : "Why don't you go to Herat?" Although there may seem to be little necessity at this moment for giving a fuller response to the query, we are induced to make some comments upon it, first, by reason of some statements which have recently been used to justify it, and secondly, on account of an article in the journal referred to which, after liberally praising the *Civil and Military*, proceeds to a general denunciation of its opponents, and a specific condemnation of the *Bombay Gazette*. The modest programme of the Lahore paper, as described by itself, is "to display the falseness of the vision of that fools' paradise which the enemies of England depict for our delusion and betrayal." "Fine words these ! I wonder where you stole 'em," Dean Swift once remarked of a pretentious divine, and perhaps it is not disrespectful to suggest that our contemporary, like poor Whitshed, has lost himself amid his fine phraseology. Reduced to sober terms, it would appear that our contemporary is in possession of certain truths, "and perceiving their full significance," he is desirous of arousing his countrymen to a just sense of them. What these truths are, and what is meant in this case by "a just sense of them," the *Civil and Military* is never loath to avow.

It has been with no small satisfaction that most of us have witnessed the gradual settling down of Afghanistan under the rule of the Amir Abdul Rahman. It is unfortunately true that the volcanic nature of Afghan society forbids any confident forecast being made as to the political prospects of the country, but, at the same time, most sensible people will agree that so long as the course of events proceed favourably to our interests, and to those of the Afghans themselves, it would be folly of the most unpardonable kind to stir up strife and confusion in order to achieve some object, which, if desirable at all, is more likely to be attained by peaceful and statesman-like means. Among many other gratuitous assumptions our contemporary arrogates to himself the exclusive appreciation of the dangers which may arise to the British rule in India from the advance of Russia in Central Asia. With equal presumption he attributes to his opponents "an affectation of ignoring it," and quotes some of our own utterances as "typical examples of that affectation." It would be strictly correct to say that we disapprove of provoking a danger which, for the time being, is happily disposed of. We have stated in these columns that British supremacy should reign unchallenged from Herat to Mandalay. But we have never hesitated to express our dissent from those who imagine that the only way to maintain our influence is to coerce every independent nation into unwilling subjection. In this matter we have run counter to the prejudices of Lahore and Rangoon. On the other hand the fates have sided with us. The policy of aggression has not proved successful. At the present moment the result of the unjustifiable interference of the Cape Government with the friendly Basutos is peculiarly *apropos*, inasmuch as the interference advocated by our contemporary would be equally without cause. One looks curiously for some facts to warrant a desire put forth in all seriousness to re-enact the Afghan invasion, and probably a repetition of the no less unsatisfactory withdrawal. In a recent number the *Civil and Military* stated that the Amir had despatched a messenger to inqure into the truth of a report, which had "created an immense amount of talk," to the effect that the son and the son-in-law of the late Wali of Maimana had ceded their rights to Russia. Thereafter follows "an immense amount" of contradictory reasoning, the gist of which is that the report is altogether improbable, if not impossible. Maimana, we may say, is a district lying mid-way between Balkh and Herat. The Russians are no way in the neighbourhood, inasmuch as the district is bounded by a semi-circle of which the centre is Mervand Sarakhs and the two extremities Herat and Balkh. The possession of one of the four cities must, therefore, precede the occupation of Maimana. In addition to this there are items indicating plots, intrigues, and projected rebellions too numerous to mention from one end of the country to the other, all going to show that an universal uprising may be looked for any day. Starting from the imaginary basis of disorder so laboriously laid down, our contemporary argues generally that we should forthwith march an army into Afghanistan and subjugate the country.

Respecting these same reports our Simla correspondent telegraphs information which puts the state of matters in a very different light. The first matter is the reconciliation of Padishah Khan to Abdul Rahman. The importance of this worthy's support will be recognised by those who remember the part he played after the Cavagnari massacre. It was he who rendered General Roberts's march on Kabul by the Shuturgurdan possible. The treatment he received at the hands of our then rulers alienated him to some extent, and for a few days he took part in the investiture of Sherpur ; and had the *soi-disant* patriots of the period had their way, he would probably have been long since hanged as high as Haman. Fortunately prudence had returned to General Roberts, and the Sirdar escaped, to come forward now at an opportune moment and give his influential countenance to the Amir. Our correspondent goes on to deny certain disquieting reports in detail, stating that so far from disturbances being apprehended, the "condition of Afghanistan is steadily improving," and winds up with announcement that "the alarmist rumours sent during the past few weeks to the Punjab newspaper are either pure fabrications or gross exaggerations." It is true that our contemporary has discounted these contradictions in advance, for he says "if nothing were published that had not first received the *imprimatur* of the Government of India, we venture to think that we should fail in our duty to the public." For our part we are very far from desiring to censure a newspaper for going beyond mere official reports. What we complained of was the haphazard manner in which floating rumours were printed, and a perilous policy advocated on the strength of information which one need not go farther than our contemporary's own columns to disprove. We have recently seen a remarkable series of pessimist predictions falsified by the results ; and what evidence does the Lahore paper give in support of its contention that Afghanistan "is the scene of anarchy," that it is "weak, divided, torn with dissension, and only united in a feeling of bitter hostility to ourselves," or that our abstention from interference is driving the Afghans under the influence of Russia? From the Afghan correspondence of the *Civil and Military Gazette* we learn that, profiting by experience, Abdul Rahman has "completely changed his demeanour." He is "working hard to attain popularity, and spends much of his time in attending personally to State affairs." He is feasting the Sirdars, and generally doing his best to ingratiate himself with his subjects. Independent reports prove that in his new policy of governing justly and conciliating his more powerful subjects, Abdul Rahman has already achieved encouraging success. Alongside the complaint that England "abstains from interfering," our contemporary records the preparations which are in progress for the reception of the British Envoy, whose arrival "is anticipated with great interest at Kabul." Elsewhere we have the reasoning of a hypothetical Sirdar that "the support of the British Government, so freely lavished on the present Amir in respect of money and arms, can only be intended to demonstrate that the object of that Government is at present to consolidate the Amir's power ;" and finally, by way of effectually disposing of his own thesis, we are informed "that a considerable amount of correspondence is alleged to have passed between the Amir and the British Government." To our mind all this is interference of a very substantial and effective character ; and much more substantial and effective because it is done without bluster or intimidation. It would not be fair to our contemporary not to give him the credit of a singular celestial confirmation of his fears. The special astrologer of the *Kossid-i-Mumbai* has been directing his attention to the coming eclipse of the sun. From him we learn that the effects of the phenomen on will fall heavily upon Afghanistan among other places. That country will be disturbed by "disaffection, murders, and earthquakes," and —most important of all—"there

TELEGRAMS.

SIR S. BAYLEY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 8.

Sir Steuart Bayley, the new member of the Viceregal Council, arrived this afternoon, and was received under the usual salute of fifteen guns.

THE REPORTED MURDER OF GHIAS KHAN.

I have reasons to believe that the report of the murder of Ghias Khan, brother of Kudus Khan, Governor of Herat, by the Amir, is wholly untrustworthy. Nothing has been heard in corroboration since the rumour was spread some weeks since.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE DOUBLE ASSASSINATION.

LONDON, MAY 8.

The assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke has caused a feeling of universal horror.

Mr. Parnell has issued a manifesto 'stating that the event will be disastrous to the Irish cause, and that Ireland's name will be sullied until the assassins are arrested.

A special Cabinet Council was held yesterday, and a further one will be held to-day.

The *Times*, in a leading article in this morning's issue, denounces the policy of the Government in Ireland.

THE CONSERVATIVE LEADERS AND THE GOVERNMENT.

The Conservative leaders have announced that they will support the Government if repressive measures are adopted in Ireland.

THE CLOTURE.

The *Times*, in a leading article, this morning announces that the Government is willing to accept the amendment brought forward by the Right Hon'ble E. Gibson, M. P., Dublin University, that the Clôture shall not be applied unless a majority of two-thirds has declared in its favour.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, MAY 7.

The Bombay mails of the 21st ult. arrived at Brindisi to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

LIVERPOOL, MAY 7.

The Hall Line steamer Rydal Hall left here for Bombay this afternoon.

COLOMBO, MAY, 8, 0-37 A.M.

French mail-steamer Peiho, from Aden, arrived.

LONDON, MAY 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats steady.

Fair Dholleras	4¼
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight	1s. 8 1-16d.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	85¾
4½ per cent. do.	91½
3 per cent. Consols for account	101¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102¼
5 per cent. French Rentes	117½
The Silver	52d.

Arrivals—Thessaly, Austria, and Ben Viorlisch.
Departures—Jeranos, Edwin, and Sandal.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(MAY 8.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* direct cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

(Madras time.)

SUNDAY, NIGHT, MAY 7.

At 10 p.m .. .. 81·6

MONDAY, MAY 8.

" 6 a.m.	79·5
" 10 a.m.	86·5
" 2 p.m.	88·4
" 4 p.m.	86·3

A CORRESPONDENT informs us that a Puttewalla employed in a Government office at Verawal ran amuck the other day close by the Magistrate's house, and killed a girl and seriously wounded a man before he could be overpowered and disarmed. He was committed for trial next day, and the day following, the Sessions Court sitting at the time, was sentenced to be hanged.

THE Government of India have signified their approval of the proposals made by Mr. Campbell, Commissioner of Customs, in regard to the reduction of the Bombay establishment. It has not been found possible to make such large reductions as were at first hoped for, but as it is the services of about 200 employés will be dispensed with, chiefly in the appraising and inspecting departments. Messrs. H. B. Wright, Jehangier Dosabhoy Framjee, and W. E. Young will be the Assistant Collectors, and in all probability a special grant will be made to those who are compelled to retire from the service.

THE *Subodha Patrika* groans plaintively, if not very intelligibly :—Something is rotten in the Tulsi water supply. Will the guardians of our merciful health take early note ?"

THE thermometer stands from 98° to 102° at Surat at present. According to a native paper, prices of all descriptions of articles of consumption have gone high on account of caste feasts. In Bombay yesterday we had almost a return of the cold weather.

THE camp of the Political Agent of Kathiawar is at present at Weraval.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY entertained the Burmese Envoy at dinner on Thursday evening.

MAHOMED AFZUL, our Envoy, left Simla for Kabul on the 3rd instant.

THE two Nepalese Princes, Prince Norendra Bickrum Shah and Prince Bambir Bahadoor, who were sent to prison by order of the Nepal Durbar on suspicion of their having been concerned in the conspiracy against their sovereign, passed through Bankipore on the 1st instant under a strong escort on their way to Chunar, where they will be kept in custody as State prisoners in the fort. Both the princes are very nearly related to the royal family, the father of the one being brother to the late sovereign, while the other is a brother of Jung Bahadoor.

THE Lahore paper hears that on the 30th April a naik of the 2nd Punjab Infantry and a grass-cutter were murdered, and a serjeant of police badly wounded, by a fanatic just outside the city of Abbottabad.

THE *Englishman* :—The recent blue-book regarding the disbursements to the Amir showed that Government had dealt with him with a very free-handed generosity, but the Amir has been going on asking for more, and has been getting it for the maintenance and security of his kingdom. He pointed out the reason of his demand for this pecuniary assistance, and indeed but a short time back his position was most critical. The Government of India have therefore found it impossible to say "No."

THE Punjab crop and weather report for the week ended on the 2nd instant states that general prospects and health are good. Prices are fluctuating, and have a downward tendency.

MESSRS. NORVILLE AND FERRELL have been so well received in Calcutta with the remnant of the Gaiety Company from Bombay, that they have arranged to run the Theatre Royal with a full company next cold season. We are told by a Calcutta paper that the members of even the present small company "have, individually and collectively, developed into great favourites."

THE tolls levied on the traffic passing through the Khyber Pass are estimated to bring in an come of about Rs. 60,000 per annum. The navans coming to India by this trade route bring skins and furs of Central Asia, silks of Bokhara, gold in bullion and dust, fresh and dried fruits from Kabul, and horses from Turkestan ; and on their return journey carry away chiefly piece-goods, indigo, sugar, and tea. The tolls have been fixed at rates considerably under those which the clans are stated by tradition to have levied on the rare occasions in former days when the pass was open to trade. The sum paid for the maintenance of the guards is about Rs. 87,000 per annun, which, with a slight increase in the present trade, might be entirely covered by the collection of tolls.

IN an article on the decentralisation policy, and the manner of its acceptance in Bengal and the North-West Provinces, the *Pioneer* writes :—" Sir Ashley Eden's Resolution on the extension of local self-government in Bengal, which we have just finished publishing in our columns in extenso, is worth comparing, or rather contrasting, with the series of documents on the same subject recently issued by the Secretariat of the N.-W. Provinces and Oudh. It is an open secret that the Lieutenant Governors, or rather we should say, the late Lieutenant-Governors, of both Provinces, viz., of Bengal and of the North-West, were in a way equally hostile to the whole scheme ; but as the proposal came to them from the Supreme Government, or perhaps from the Home Government, in the form of peremptory orders which must be obeyed, there was nothing to be done by the local Governments but to yield with as good a grace as possible. It is in the style and manner of this obedience that the whole difference lies—a difference observable in the whole tone of the respective manifestoes. That of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is deprecatory, apologetic, and pointedly tentative, so far as circumstances will permit ; but Sir George Couper swallowed the bitter pill at once, and makes no attempt to mitigate its harshness, though he may conceal his disgust."

THE *Indian Daily News* strongly disapproves of the appointment of Mr. Syed Mahmood to be a Judge of the Allahabad High Court, on the ground that the new judge elect has not had the experience necessary to qualify him for so high a judicial position. Our contemporary writes :—"We hear, on what we consider good authority, that Mr. Syed Mahmood has actually been appointed to officiate as a Judge of the Allahabad High Court. The appointment, we presume, must be accepted as a legacy to India on the part of the Hon'ble Whitley Stokes. The Hon'ble Syed Ahmed, our readers will remember, made a very special defence in the Legislative Council of Mr. Whitley Stokes's codification measures. The Syed posed as the representative of the North-Western Provinces, and spoke of the people as actually earnestly waiting for the enactment of Mr. Stokes's Easements Bill and Transfer of Property Bill. The speech of Syed Ahmed was somewhat learned and somewhat able. So much so that when a few days after he resigned his place on the Education Commission because of his imperfect acquaintance with English, the statement gave a shock to those who had read his remarks in Council. Can it be that the son has been rewarded for the service of the father ? We are obliged to go far afield, for there is nothing whatever in Mr. Syed Mahmood's career to justify his promotion to the Bench of a High Court. He has not had the experience usually considered necessary to fit a man for so high and responsible an office, and his career has not marked him out amongst his co-religionists as a leader, or as a man of special or marked ability. The appointment must be condemned as a job. We regret this very sincerely. Lord Ripon's administration has been marred by a few bad appointments, but the promotion of Mr. Syed Mahmood will, we fear, be everywhere accepted as a proof that the present Government of India has the weakness of favouritism strongly developed."

A FRIEND in the United States writes to the *Bombay Guardian* as follows :—"I have seen the letters in the *Guardian* in reference to unqualified medical ladies who have been sent to India by English societies. I wish you would state in the *Guardian* that all the ladies who have been sent out by the American societies are regularly qualified physicians holding diplomas." Such, the paper adds, is no doubt the fact. "We wish the Am. Societies would send more of them. We regret much that (Miss) Dr. Norris, whose ministrations were so highly valued in many houses of Bombay, is not returning. We do not doubt that there are spheres of influence in India for ladies who have only pursued a partial course in medicine, and many of them are, we believe, doing valuable work for the Lord. One of the things most needed in the families of India is such knowledge of elementary hygiene as will enable them to shield themselves from many attacks of disease."

THE following paragraph, extracted from a Melbourne paper, will interest consumers of light wines in India. An experiment for the purpose of determining the relative merits of first-class French and Australian clarets when placed in comparison with each other was made at Scott's Hotel, Melbourne, recently, when brands of the best colonial and imported clarets obtainable in the cellars were tested by several gentlemen assembled for the purpose. The wines submitted were samples of V.D.O., one of the best imported French clarets, and Chateau Margaux, an Australian claret between four and five years old. They were pronounced by the gentlemen present to be so nearly equal in quality that considerable difficulty was experienced in making a definite choice between them, but finally it was found that the balance of opinion was largely in favour of the colonial claret. An important fact disclosed by the test was that while the price of the French wine was 10s. per bottle, the colonial claret could be purchased at 25s. per dozen.

FROM a recent comparative statement of the carrying trade of the world, it appears that, omitting vessels of less than 50 tons measurement, Europe possesses 42 tons to every 1,000 inhabitant, America 40, and Australia 79, while Africa and Asia have only 2 tons per 1,000. Liverpool ranks as the most important port in the world, with a tonnage of 2,647,373 ; London stands second, with 2,330,688 tons ; Glasgow third, with 1,432,364 tons ; and New York fourth, with 1,153,676 tons. The nine leading ports of Great Britain have a tonnage of 8,724,123, and the first four ports of the United States a tonnage of 1,976,940. Great Britain and Ireland possess a tonnage of nearly 12,000,000, and including colonial vessels, the British flag covers 14,000,000 tons of the total existing tonnage of the world, which is estimated to be 27,000,000 tons. The United States twenty years since carried 66 per cent. of the foreign trade in their own vessels, but now only something like 10 per cent.

MR. LABOUCHERE'S proposal to limit the length of speeches in the House of Commons has been speedily followed by a similar proposal in the French Chamber. M. Frédéric Thomas proposes that no member shall occupy more than an hour without express permission of the Chamber. This gives deputies a quarter of an hour more grace than Mr. Labouchere would extend tomembers of Parliament. What is really wanted, says the *Pall Mall*, is a plan by which members can deliver their speeches simultaneously, or at least get them printed for nothing, for the ease of their own minds and the satisfaction of their constituents. No one listens to most of the speeches made during dinner-hour. If they could be taken as delivered and printed at public cost, the printing estimates would no doubt be swollen considerably, but the gain in public time would far outweigh the additional expense.

THE irrepressible Sir Wilfrid Lawson, in the course of a speech at a political meeting held at Wigton, near Carlisle, said :—He could fancy what sort of advice Lord Salisbury would give to the young lions of the party who just now were going about haranguing the electors. He would say, "Don't talk politics ; don't discuss any future measures, but keep firing away and abusing William Ewart Gladstone." It reminded him very much of the story told of a Presbyterian minister. A young minister who had just joined the ministry went to him one day and said, "What do you think I should preach about ?" The old man said, "Young man, my advice to you is, confine yourself to attacking the devil ; you can't get very wrong there ; he's not popular." He did not know whether Lord Salisbury had given them the advice, but he knew they did keep attacking Mr. Gladstone. What was there they had not called Mr. Gladstone ? He was an agitator, an anarchist, an atheist, a Ritualist, a Romanist, and a Revolutionist. He was a tyrant, a sinner, a sneak, a trimmer, a turncoat, and a traitor. He was sold to Russia, coerced by Mr. Chamberlain, a slave to Mr. Bright, and a devotee to Mr. Spurgeon. The last thing they had said about him was in a letter which Lord Salisbury had sent to the papers, in which Mr. Gladstone was described as a man of "uncontrollable temper and overweening vanity." He (Sir Wilfrid) had been told that Lord Salisbury says he was not responsible for that last expression ; it was put forth by his private secretary. He was delighted to hear that, because it looked as though Lord Salisbury's resources of recrimination were run dry and the vocabulary of his vituperation was exhausted. Referring to the Channel Tunnel scheme, he ridiculed the fears of a French invasion, and said he would be willing to ensure the safety of the country, so far as the tunnel was concerned, if he was able to take six able-bodied old women from Wigton, armed with broomsticks, to the mouth of the tunnel.

THE following expedient was adopted a few days ago by a Parisian father to obtain his only son's exemption from the conscription of 1882. The youth, it appears, had drawn a "bad number," and the prospect of his exposure to the perils and fatigues of military service plunged his mother into such dark depths of despair that her husband, unable to endure the contemplation of her sore affliction, made up his mind one day to take a measure which could not fail to avert the threatened separation of mother and son. While they were weeping in one another's arms he suddenly clasped them both in a convulsive embrace, murmured the word "Adieu !" and rushed from his house to the nearest bridge over the Seine, whence he sprang head foremost into the river. Fortunately some boatmen who saw him fall promptly put off from the quay, and succeeded with considerable difficulty in rescuing him alive but insensible. He was conveyed to the Morgue, and there stripped in order to be subjected to the usual restorative process of violent friction. In accordance with the regulations of that institution, his clothes were searched, with a view to establishing his identity, and in his pocket-book was found a sheet of note-paper, upon which he had written down his name, address, and the following touching sentence : "The child shall not be parted from his mother ; he is a widow's only son." Never yet, in all probability, has a tale of sublime self-sacrifice been told in so few words. So says the *Bombay Catholic Examiner*, from whose columns we take the touching story. It does not spoil the interest in the least to remember that in 1882 there is no drawing for the conscription ; and no unlucky numbers, every mother's son having to serve his country, whether he likes it or not. Is it a sign of depravity that this tale of self-sacrifice brings to our mind the case of the sensitive Frenchman who, having chopped his father and his mother to death with a hatchet, when brought to trial besought the court to be merciful to him, as he was now an orphan ?

L'Industrie Belge reproduces the communication made to the Chamber of Representatives by the Minister of Finance, on the subject of the establishment of a system of local railways. The minister, after expressing his belief in the importance of the question, remarked that whilst the ordinary railway service had entirely superseded heavy transport on the high roads, local traffic was still compelled to travel in its old grooves. He hoped to see the time when every industrial establishment, village, and large farm would be connected with the tramway of the district, by which means its produce could be directly conveyed to the railway. The commission appointed to consider the question has sent in its report, and the minister promised shortly to lay before the Chamber a Bill providing for the establishment of such lines. These should be undertaken by an association of the communes through which they would pass ; but if these communes should not be in a position to meet the necessary expense immediately, arrangements would be made to enable them to pay off the debt incurred by annuities extending over a certain number of years, and guaranteed by the State.

THE GYMKHANA RACQUET-COURT.

A PRETTY little structure is the racquet-court of the Bombay Gymkhana, situated behind the Gymkhana pavilion to the south of the General Mews on the Esplanade, which has just been completed. The style is Domestic Gothic, and the building has been designed and carried out by Mr. J. Adams, Architectural Executive Engineer and Surveyor to Government, at a total cost of about Rs. 26,000. The foundations were laid before the last monsoon, and the work, which was commenced in November, 1881, has been finished in less than six months by Messrs. Nagoo Purbhajee and Co., the contractors. The total length of the building is 93 feet, the breadth 36 feet, and the height 30 feet to the tie-beams. The exterior is faced with irregular blue basalt, with Porebunder stone quoins and bands running the whole height of the building, and giving it a pretty appearance. A single door on the north side leads to the interior of the building ; and a small door in the inner west wall leads into the court, which is 64 by 32 feet. The ground floor is asphalted, while the playing portion of the walls on the north and south sides is faced with finely-dressed blue stone, and rises from 13 feet to 20 feet from west to east. The portion on the east side that is played on has been polished, and the stone facing all round the court has been painted black. The remaining upper portions of the walls of the court are chunam masonry plastered and stone-coloured. Adjoining the western wall of the court are a dressing-room, bathrooms, &c. A covered flight of stone-steps on the west side of the building leads to an ornamental gallery, 32 by 16 feet, for the accommodation of the members of the Gymkhana and their friends whilst play is going on in the court below. The roof above the court is covered with sheet glass, which lets in a large volume of light, and has six dormors for ventilation. The rest of the roof is covered with Mangalore tiles. The court has no opening except the small entrance door ; but the gallery and the dressing and bath-rooms are well ventilated. This new racquet-court supplies a want that has been felt in Bombay since the demolition of the one that stood, about thirty years ago, on the site of the present Small Causes Court premises. The prominent features of the new building are well in keeping with the architectural beauties of the buildings on the Esplanade.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Confirmation service, Sonapore Church, 6 p.m.
Band, King's Own Regiment, Esplanade, evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—St. Albans (s), from Portsaid ; Kangra (s), London; Darien (s), Marseilles.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—I. G. Tenassorim (s), for Kurrachee ; Vorwaerts (s), Trieste, &c. ; Maurice et Reunion (s), London.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the King's Own Regiment at the Esplanade Bandstand this evening :—

Terzetto and Chorus from Elijah	Mendelhson
Operatic selection	Nagarilla ..... Mariani.
Valse	Ben Aimes ..... Waldenfel.
Grand selection	Il Guiramento ..... Mercadante.
Concert Polka	The Two Postillions . Wieland.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary last month was 4,713, the daily average attendance being 157. Of the entire number 2,628 were males, 1,113 females, and 1,270 children.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Seeta, woman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of attempting to commit suicide by taking a poisonous dose of opium, in consequence of a quarrel with her husband. She was sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment.

GAMBLERS.—Purshotum Mooljee and three others were yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of gaming at the Nacoda's Tank with dice and money. Prisoner No. 1, being old and infirm, was fined Rs. 20, or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment. The other three were fined Rs. 5 each.

GIVING FALSE INFORMATION TO A POLICE OFFICER.—Dayaram Girdhur was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of giving false information to Constable Griffin, charging Sonoo Pandoo with the theft of a pony. He was fined Rs. 15, Rs. 5 of the fine were ordered to be paid to Sonoo Pandoo as compensation.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, on the body of Bhow Limbajee, aged forty years, a cart-driver. The deceased died from the effects of injuries he sustained on the 22nd ultimo, by falling under his own cart, which passed over him. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the evidence.

NATIVE DISPENSARY AT KHETWADY.—The total number of patients treated in the dispensary during the last month was 4,875. This gives a daily average attendance of 162·5. The number newly admitted during the month was 1,030. Of the entire number 784 were Parsees, 2,401 Hindus, 1,162 Muslimans, 212 Christians, and 316 low castes.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.—Mohakalla Tookaram was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of criminal breach of trust in respect of sundry articles of wearing apparel and a silver waist-chain, of the value of Rs. 25, belonging to Mulharee Gungaram. He was sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

HARBOUR ACCIDENTS.—Ragoo Limboo, a labourer employed on board the s. s. Giava, while taking in a cargo of coals fell into the ship's coal-bunker, and the spine was fractured.—Sherpoodeen Mahomed Abdoola, a labourer employed on board the s. s. Mount Lebanon, sustained severe injury to both his feet by a bag of wheat falling on him from a sling.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—Winning numbers for the month of April, 1882. Prizes of Rs. 10 each, which must be claimed within the current month :—

3 ans.	2 ans.	1½ an.	1 an.	¾ an.	½ an.
002976	021205	001401	122147	002367	017669
		031400	162402	003623	030927
			248921	032037	
			264301		
			268223		
			322638		

SUICIDE.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Sooparee Baug-road, Parel, on the body of Govind Shridhur, aged thirty years. Deceased was a mill labourer. He had been suffering from dysentery for the last two months. He was missed at daybreak from his house, and subsequently his body was recovered from a well near by. The jury found that the deceased had committed suicide by drowning himself in a well.

FOUND.—A Hindoo named Narayen Bana picked up on the Kalbadavie-road, on Sunday last, two half currency notes for Rs. 100 each, and made them over to the police authorities.—Cursetjee Jamsetjee found a gold ring set with a blue stone in Apollo-street on Sunday last.—A gold head-ornament was found on Sunday last by a boy named Pandoo Roona on the back shore opposite the Walkeshwar temple. The property, in each case, has been forwarded to the office of the Commissioner of Police.

A GOANESE THIEF.—Simao Pedro, a Goanese, was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing a towel, the property of Mrs. C. Wood. The prisoner entered the back yard of Mrs. Wood's premises in the Ordnance Lines, near the Arthur Crawford Market, at midnight on Saturday, and removed the towel, which was hanging on a line outside the bath-room. He was running away with it, when he was arrested by Mrs. Wood's servant, and handed over to the police. He was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

OLD OFFENDERS.—Cassia Govind and Juggia Pandoo, two reputed thieves, were yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of throwing a packet of opium into H. M.'s House of Correction on the 6th instant. They were each sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment. The prisoners were further charged with being reputed thieves, of notoriously bad livelihood, and dangerous characters. On admitting their previous convictions, they were required to enter into their own recognisance in a sum of Rs. 200 each, and two sureties for Rs. 100 each, for their future good behaviour.

THEFTS.—Babajee Krishna, a groom in the service of Dushurath Ramchunder, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing a gold head-ornament, valued at Rs. 60, the property of his master. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.—Saccaram Babajee was also yesterday convicted by the same magistrate of stealing gold ornaments and cash, of the collective value of Rs. 76-8, the property of Motee Lildhur. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.—Mr. C. McIntyre, 2nd engineer of the s. s. India, lying at the Prince's Dock, has reported to the police that he was robbed of a gold watch, with a gold chain and locket attached, valued at £12, also a purse containing a currency note for Rs. 10 and several coins, on Sunday last. Complainant, it appears, sat down at 4 p.m. on that day on some stones at the back of the Victoria Hotel, on the Frere-road. He fell asleep there, and on awaking at 8 p.m., he found that his watch, &c., had been stolen.

SPORTING ACCIDENT.—It is said that a European sportsman at Geer accidentally shot dead a native huntsman while shikaring in the district.—*Guzerat Mitra.*

BEGGARS IN SURAT.—The beggars in Surat are a public nuisance ; the Mahomedan fakirs especially are seen walking about the streets in a dominee ing sort of fashion, generally with an iron rod, or a bludgeon, or some such weapon of defence. The authorities should not permit these fellows to prowl about with such dangerous weapons. Only recently a Mahomedan was committed to the sessions here for attempting to murder a Mussulman with an axe.—*Id.*

KHAN BAHADUR DADABHOY PALLONJEE.—We hear from Mahableshwar that Government have forwarded the sunnud recently granted by the Government of India in favour of Khan Bahadur Dadabhoy Pallonjee, to the Executive Commissariat Officer, with the view of presenting the same in a befitting manner, and in the presence of the members of the Commissariat Department. It is not improbable that the sunnud will be presented to Khan Bahadur Dadabhoy Pallonjee at the durbar, to be held by the Agent for Sirdars in the Deccan, on the evening of the 24th instant (Queen's birthday).—*Deccan Herald.*

VOLUNTEER ENTERTAINMENT AT POONA.—The officers of the Poona Detachment Bombay Volunteer Rifles, gave the companies another al fresco entertainment at the Bund gardens on last Wednesday evening. We do not remember seeing on any former occasion such a number of ladies and gentlemen congregated, and although the upper ten were not so numerously present owing to a dance at the 2nd Cavalry mess, the Kirkee and Poona military, with their wives, turned out in great numbers, and danced with spirit until the small hours of the morning. It was a very pretty sight to see so many sets dancing at the one time, and every one seemingly so happy and joyous. The officers did their utmost to make matters agreeable, and their efforts to please, judging by appearances, were fully appreciated. Those Volunteers and military men not engaged in dancing entered into friendly rivalry in jumping and throwing the shot, an 18 pounder, in doing which a bombardier of Artillery, in mufti, particularly distinguished himself by working it through the air like a thing of no weight.—*Id.*

TRAFFIC ON THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 29th April, 1882, was 100,434 maunds, and in money Rs. 6,735. The quantities carried and earnings compared with 1881 are as follows :—

	Week ending 29th April 1882.	Week ending 30th April 1881.	Increase.	Decrease
COTTON—				
Weight Mds.	76,527	68,662	7,865	...
Amount Rs.	45,206	43,021	2,185	...
GRAIN—				
Weight Mds.	90,765	107,919	..	17,154
Amount Rs.	28,730	36,786	..	10,056
JAGREE—				
Weight Mds.	12,234	24,811	..	12,577
Amount Rs.	6,913	15,394	..	8,481
OPIUM—				
Weight Mds.	199	..	199	..
Amount Rs.	314	..	314	..
P. GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight Mds.	10,897	7,652	3,245	..
Amount Rs.	8,765	6,812	1,953	..
SALT—				
Weight Mds.	93,464	76,377	17,087	..
Amount Rs.	14,047	8,844	5,203	..
SEEDS—				
Weight Mds.	39,890	70,378	..	30,488
Amount Rs.	16,883	28,627	..	11,744
SUGAR—				
Weight Mds.	6,728	7,184	..	456
Amount Rs.	3,873	4,134	..	261
S. RY. MATERIALS—				
Weight Mds.	8,480	9,449	..	969
Amount Rs.	6,889	7,430	..	541
TIMBER—				
Weight Mds.	30,034	20,800	9,234	..
Amount Rs.	7,604	4 869	2,735	..
DRY FRUITS—				
Weight Mds.	5,484	4,280	1,204	..
Amount Rs.	2,481	1,891	590	..
METAL—				
Weight Mds.	6,344	9,298	...	2,954
Amount Rs.	3,835	5,941	..	2,106
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weight Mds.	3,09,463	3,84,135	..	74,670
Amount Rs.	57,177	43,703	13,474	..
TOTAL—				
Weight Mds.	6,90,511	7,90,915	..	100,434
Amount Rs.	2,00,717	2,07,452	..	6,735

PASSENGERS BY THE WISTOW HALL.

THE following is the list of passengers who arrived per the Hall Line steamer Wistow Hall, from Liverpool, on the 7th instant :—

Mr. B. Read.	Capt. Smith.
Mrs. Groves.	Mr. H. Cauldrey
Miss Greaves.	Mrs. Couldrey.
Mr. G. R. Davies.	

DIVINE SERVICE.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SONAPORE.

TUESDAY, MAY 9.

6 p.m. (Bombay time)—Confirmation service by the Right Rev. the Bishop of Bombay.

COURT-MARTIAL.

AT a general court-martial assembled at Ranikhet, on 28th March, Private James Edward Leigh, of the 1st Battalion East Lancashire Regiment, was arraigned on the following charges :—(1st) Breaking out of barracks, at Ranikhet, between Tattoo on the 10th of March, 1882, and 6-10 a. m. on the 11th March, 1882 ; (2nd) making away with certain articles of equipment and clothing, viz. :—1 pair of cloth trowsers, 1 pair of socks, 1 sheet, 2 blankets, value rupees six, annas four, also 1 great-coat, value rupees six, annas five, (3rd) losing by neglect the above articles of equipment and clothing ; and (4th) striking his superior officer, Lance Sergt. Robert Blake, on the head with his clenched fist.

The court found the prisoner not guilty of the 3rd charge and honorably acquitted him of the same, but he was found guilty of the 4th charge, and also of the 1st and 2nd charges. He was sentenced to be imprisoned with hard labour for six hundred and seventy-two days, and to be put under stoppages of pay, until he has made good the value of the following articles, viz. :—1 pair cloth trowsers, 1 pair socks, 1 sheet, 2 blankets, value rupees six, annas four, also 1 great coat, value rupees six, annas five ; and further, the court ordered that the imprisonment be carried out in India, owing to the bad character of the prisoner. The Commander-in-Chief in India, in confirming the proceedings, notes :—I vary that portion of the sentence which orders that the imprisonment is to be carried out in India, so that it shall be as follows :—"The above imprisonment is not to be in the United Kingdom ;" and I confirm the finding and sentence, as so varied.

BENGAL.

EDUCATION IN A NATIVE STATE.—The Political Agent at Dholepore, in his annual report on the progress of education in that State, says there is no great thirst for English education, and he would be much concerned to find that the desire for vernacular education was not increasing were it not that he was aware that the spread of education is much greater than appears from the returns. There are Sanscrit, Hindi, Urdu, and Persian schools in every considerable town, which are all well attended. They are carried on in a much more free-and-easy style than those under state management. The old Indian system of teaching is adopted, there is little strictness about attendance, and altogether they are probably better suited to the present state of enlightenment of the mass of the people, and are more appreciated by them than better-managed schools with fixed hours for work and strict regulations enforcing attendance. Many of the best boys go from these schools to the State schools, and read there if they want to read seriously. The Political Agent thinks that, for the present, it is desirable to allow these primary schools to go on without interference, and neither to discredit them by forcing boys into State schools, nor to deprive them of the independence by volunteering to give them State assistance.

A LEOPARD HUNT.—Teesta Station, on the Kaunia and Dhorla Railway, was the scene of considerable excitement on the evening of the 30th ultimo. On the arrival of the down mail train, due at 5-50 p. m. a native resident of an adjoining village was brought to the platform badly mauled by a leopard. Mr. Spots, if was reported, after wounding two other men, had taken shelter in a field of sugarcane about 500 yards from the station. The Post Master General, Mr. James, and the Agent, Mr. Reid, who were travelling by the down mail train, on hearing the accounts given of the animal and the terror and dismay his presence produced, decided on paying him a friendly visit. Guns were procured, and the two gentlemen, accompanied by a body of natives, proceeded to the field of sugarcane. Nothing, however, would induce Mr. Spots to leave his cover and show himself. A council of war was consequently held which decided upon storming the noble animal's stronghold. This was done by forming a line of natives with bamboos to scour the field, with the two guns in advance of the line. The attacking party had not proceeded more than fifty yards, when Mr. James saw the animal crouched under some long grass. He aimed and fired, whereupon the leopard bounded forward, and charged the attacking party. The scene that followed is beyond description. The natives bolted from the field, knocking one another over in their efforts to escape, and the two European gentlemen were left to face the enraged animal. A couple of bullets, however, induced Mr. Stops to take a speedy retreat, and he disappeared in the thick undergrowth of the sugarcane, badly wounded. Night having set in, further pursuit was abandoned, but steps were taken to prevent his escape. This was, however, unnecessary, for the animal died during the night from the effects of his wounds. The animal a fine full grown male, measured 7 feet from head to point of tail. Mr. James had the satisfaction of carrying off the skin in triumph.—*Englishman.*

MADRAS.

THE NILGIRI RAILWAY COMPANY.—The Government have refused to grant in their contract with this Company the concession sought by them of extending the line to the west when they shall be in a position to do so ; but have agreed to consider the proposal when the necessity arises.—*Madras Mail.*

SEWAGE FARM.—The construction of farm and the above description by the Municipality has been commenced on the piece of ground adjoining the Slaughter House near the Royapoorum terminus. After the work has been finished, a steam engine will be brought to the spot for the purpose of emptying into that portion of the sea near Cassemode all the sewage of that part of Madras which will be conveyed by pipes to the farm.—*Madras Mail.*

THE LATE MRS. FORRESTER BROWN.—Many of our readers will regret to learn of the death of Mrs. Forrester Brown, wife of the late senior partner in Messrs. Parry & Co. When living in Madras, Mrs. Brown endeared herself to a large circle of friends by her amiability of disposition, while her hospitality made her a general favourite with Madras society. She took the warmest interest in the working of our local charities, and acted as Treasurer of the Women's Branch of the Friend-in-Need Society for several years. She left for England with her husband in 1874.—*Madras Mail.*

A RUNNING MATCH.—A match has been arranged between Sergeant Nicol of the K-6th Royal Artillery, and Private Tooley of the 12th Royal Lancers which, we learn, will take place on the 25th of this month. The distance fixed is one mile, and the wagar taken has been settled at Rs. 500 a side. Up to the present time Sergeant Nicol has been reckoned to be the best long distance runner in the Presidency, and he is consequently the favourite ; but Tooley is reported to be training hard, and has every chance of at least giving his opponent hard work. The match is causing much excitement among the rank and file of both Regiments, and large bets are being made between them. The place where the match will take place has not as yet been decided upon, but we hear that the road leading from the 43rd Officer's Mess upon to the Residency is likely to be elected, as it is the only straight road in the Cantonment.—*Bangalore Post.*

SOUTHERN INDIA RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE report of the Southern India Rifle Association for 1881 has been published :—

"The Council of the Southern India Rifle Association have much pleasure in submitting their report of the fourteenth annual meeting of the Association, which was held at Bangalore, in September, 1881. The weather, although showery for the first three or four days was fairly propitious during the meeting ; the marking was accurately and expeditiously executed, and the general average of the shooting may be considered satisfactory, as it was not any improvement on that of last year. A large addition to the plant in the shape of canvas second class targets was made, and their introduction was hailed with statisfaction by all competitors. The Council regret to find that the Bombay Presidency Rifle meeting was in progress at Poona during the whole of the meeting of the S. I. R. A. and would be glad if this could be avoided in future in order to enable competitors, if so inclined to attend both meetings. The next prize meeting of the Association will take place at Hebbal about 4 miles from Cantonment on the Bellary road. The aspect of the targets, that is, the direction in which they face, is southerly, which will be a very great improvement on the old ranges, and it is hoped that more accommodation will be available, as ranges will have to be constructed for six regiments. Of a total prize list of Rs. 10,040 with 12 silver medals, prizes aggregating Rs. 6,840 with 6 medals were offered for competition to All Comers ; Rs. 3,874 with 4 medals were reserved for Native troops ; Rs. 1,100 for interregimental competition amongst British troops ; Rs. 1,500 with one medal for members of the Association, and Rs. 2,331 with one medal were set apart as special prizes. In addition to which a gold locket, silver bracelet and bangles, value Rs. 165, were given for the Ladies's Plate and a silver tankard value Rs. 50 and Rs. 30 in money for the 2n

A MEET OF COACHES IN PARIS.

ONE of our Paris correspondents, writing last night, (April 13,) says :—Although there is no coaching club in the strict sense of the term here, many residents in Paris have their four-in-hands ; and one of the most interesting features in connection with the Horse Show now in progress is the meet of the mail-coaches in the Palais de l'Industrie. By way of an inducement to the owners of these coaches to send them, the committee offer twelve prizes of a hundred francs each for the stablemen, thinking, no doubt, that it would be impossible to offer regular prizes to be competed for by the owners of the coaches themselves. As a rule these meets are very well attended, as many as eighteen coaches having on some occasions been sent to the show ; but this afternoon, when the ring was cleared for them to parade, only nine out of the eleven entered appeared in answer to the call of names. The bad weather—for the much-needed rain has been coming down in welcome abundance all the afternoon—may be regarded as in a measure responsible for the falling-off in numbers ; but this did not affect the attendance, the galleries of the palace being more crowded than they have been since the show began. The coaches were not timed to arrive before half-past four, and the earlier hours of the afternoon were occupied by a grand trotting-race, with jockeys wearing racing colours, in which twelve horses took part, the first prize being worth £100. The arrival of the coaches was, however, what nine out of ten spectators were waiting for, and the advent of the first was marked by one of those murmurs of satisfaction which traverse a large assemblage after a period of waiting. The nine coaches, taking them in the order which they occupy on the programme, were those of Mr. Henry Blount, bays and browns ; M. Ch. de Beauregard, three bays and a gray ; Comte F. N. Potocki, bays and grays crossed ; M. Pignatel, chestnuts and grays crossed ; Marquis de Pomereu, dark bays ; M. E. Quesnel, light bays ; Baron de Veauce, bays of a darker shade ; M. Felipe Yturbe, three browns and a gray ; and Count de Bari, three chestnuts and a dark brown. The last-named equipage was the best, both as regards the horses and the general economy of the turn-out ; but as the prizes are all *ex æquo*, the brother of the ex-King of Naples did not fare any better than the other competitors, all of whom received bunches of ribbons and commemorative tablets to be placed in their stables. None of the owners occupied the box-seat, and there was not a single coach which carried a passenger ; so that the scene was entirely devoid of the animation which marks a meet in Hyde Park. More than one of the coachmen on the box was very short of experience in the management of four horses ; and I do not think that, whatever other lessons may be learned from the Paris Horse Show, so far as coaching is concerned, Englishmen will add anything to their stock of knowledge.—*St. James's Gazette.*

A STRANGE STORY.

SIXTEEN years ago Ladislaus Gzertyauffy, a wealthy landowner of Gzer, in Hungary, was, together with his wife and five children, murdered while driving to the railway station. He had told the coachman to drive fast through the forest which separated his house from the railway, because he had a large sum of money with him and had heard that there were brigands about. The coachman, who had a revolver with him, stopped his horses soon afterwards, jumped down from his box, and shot both his master and mistress, then killing five of the six children. The sixth managed to make his escape, and after wandering about in the forest was picked up by a peasant, named Hodas, and, though only three years of age, was able to describe the tragedy of which he was the only living witness. Hodas, instead of informing the police, determined to keep the matter secret, as he was anxious to adopt a child ; and he accordingly brought up young Gzertyauffy, and after sending him to several good schools placed him in the University of Pesth to study for the law. The murderer, upon the other hand, feeling sure that the child would be devoured by wolves, quietly returned to the village and informed the police that his master's carriage had been attacked by brigands, and that he had fled for his life. A search was made for the brigands, and the bodies of their supposed victims were buried, the coachman taking service with Gzertyauffy's brother. A few weeks ago, Hodas being taken seriously ill, felt so much remorse at having misled his adopted son, sent for him from Pesth, and told him the truth. The young man who had, as he grew up, forgotten the tragedy, soon found his memory come back ; and the police at once arrested the coachman, who made a full confession and is about to be tried for the murder committed in the spring of 1866.—*St. James's Gazette.*

NOTICES.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press having leased from the *GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY* and the *BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY*, the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these two Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices of Advertisements on the lines.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c. seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by the G. I. P. or B. B. and C. I. Railways to their destinations, Placards exhibited at the different stations on those lines are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers business to the notice of the public.

Advertisers can select the stations, on either line, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in English or any of the Native languages at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Rs. 2 per month. For every additional square foot annas 8.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square will have the advantage of having his business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Rs. 2 Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. ; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to THE MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort

STATIONS ON THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Bombay, B. Bunder.	Bhadli	Chindwara	Parus
Muajid ..	Bhosawul Junction*†	Satari	Dapki
Byculla	Sowda	Shapura	Akola
Chinchpoogly	Nimborah	Mirgani (for Marble Rocks)	Boregaum
Parel Station	Raver		Katipurna
Dadur	Khanapur	Nagpoor	Moortizapoor
Sion	Hurhanpur	Hulia Gate	Mohona
Coorla	Chandnee	Budlapoor	Koorna
Ghat-Cooper	Mandwa	Wangni	Budnaira*
Bhandoop	Dongargaum	Narol	Malker
Tannah*	Bagmar	Chinchowli	Chandoor
Deewa	Khundwa*†	Kurjut*†	Damergaum
Callian Junction*†	Jawar	Padsalari	Poolgaum
Titwalla	Beerh	Khandalla	Dyngaum
Khadawalli	Sirkeam	Lanowlee*	Wurdah†
Wassind	Kherinee	Karli	Pownar
Khapoor	Kurkulla	Bhoree	Sindee
Salgaum	Thuligaum	Kapri	Boree
Khurdee	Kurrula	Malavali	Kapri
Kussarah*	Timoornee	Chinchwud	Mugaum
Pegutpoorah*	Pagdhal	Kirkee	Jehwoor
Ghotee	Sewree	Poonah ¶¶	Keim
Baligaum	Dharam	Loonee	Barsee Road*
Declalee B. Siding	Khundi	Oorvolee	Marheh
Nassick Rd*	Dularia	Yeorai	Unger
Khedrwadee	Etarsee for	Khetrigaum	Mohol
Niphar	Hoshengabad	Patus	Packney †
Lasulgaum	Bagra	Dhond†	Sholapur*
Shanmar	Semri	Boreball	Hoodgee
Nandgaum*	Pipareea for	Decksai and	Kurubgam
Naldongree	Pachmari)	Bheegwan	Doodnch
Khalingaum	Bankeri	Kartrus	Goolburga
Kuigaum	Warrengaum	Poomulwaree	Shahabad*†
Gaina	Babal	Wadi	Nulwar
Pachora	Gadawara	Nargaum	Yedagherry
Myjee	Bohanee	Khankeer	Sydapore
Chinsswud	Kurcli (for Saugor)	Mulkapoor	Mysore
Jubbulpore	Nursingpore	Bijwa Bridge	Road
Jutgaum	Kuruk Bail	Nandoora	Kistna
		Jullipur	Chickanpore
		Sheagaum*	Raichore*†

* Refreshment Rooms. † Junction for Lines.
‡ From 15 to 30 minutes for Refreshments
¶ 30 minutes or Dinner. ¶¶ 40 minutes for Dinner.

STATIONS ON THE B. B. & C. I. R. LINE.

Colaba	Boisur	Keem	Thasra
Church Gate Street	Palonee	Palonee	Pali
Marine Lines	Wangaum	Unclesur	Borchavi
Churney Rd.	Danoo Road	Broach*	Nariad [bad
Grant Road	Goolwod	Chunnargaum	Mahmooda-
Mahaluxmee	Wevisse	Pallej	Barajeee
Parell	Sunjan	Meagaum	Ahmedabad†
Dadur	Bheelar	Kurwan	Sabarmattee
Mahim	Oodwara	Mundala	Ambli Road
Bandora	Pardee	Dubhoe	Sanund
Andaree	Bhadrura	Bhadurpore	Charolee
Goregaum	Dongree	Etola	Jackwara
Borawlee	Beeleemora	Baroda*	Veerumgaum
Dharwlee (Dysur)	Umulsar	Baiwa	Jhond
Bhyndar	Nowsaree	Wassud	Patree
Bassein Road	Murolee	Nowley	Kharraghora
Veraur	Sucheen	Anand	Sabli Road
Sopalla	Surat*¶	Bhaluj	Lillapore Rd
Palghur	Amrolee	Oomret	Luctoran
	Sion	Dakor	Wadw

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows :—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	,, 25	Half-yearly	,, 31
Quarterly	,, 13	Quarterly	,, 16
Monthly	,, 5	Monthly	,, 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
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Quarterly	,, 16	Quarterly	,, 20
Monthly	,, 6	Monthly	,, 7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.
SINGLE COPY ..... As. 4.
Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.
First insertion ..... 8 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 4½ ,, ,,
Third and succeeding ..... 2½ ,, ,,
In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.
Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs.	5	0
Second do.	,,	2	8
Third do.	,,	2	8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	,,	0	2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.
All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Re.	1-0.
Each succeeding line	,,	0-8.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.
No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12.
Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.
Price per Copy ..... As. 4

ALL CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

NOTICES.

FOR A PAYMENT OF ABOUT FIFTEEN RUPEES a MONTH a man of good health, aged 20, may secure in the Standard Life Office a sum of FIVE THOUSAND RUPEES, payable at the age of 55, or at death should it happen beforehand. It is an advantage to effect Provisions of this nature EARLY IN LIFE, as by delay the rate of subscription increases ; death may occur before the provision is effected ; or health may fail and render the life ineligible for assurance.—Standard Life Office, Bombay, Jan. 1882.

P. GRANT & SON,
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS,
31, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW TESTIMONIALS
ON THE
EFFICACY OF THE MEDICINES
OF
GRIMAULT AND CO.,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS.
PARIS, 8, RUE VIVIENNE, 8, PARIS.

DISEASES OF THE CHEST CURED.
—Messrs. Grimault and Co.,—I am happy to inform you that my son, brought close to his grave through *consumptive disease*, has been completely cured by the use of your SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME. He has regained flesh, and his appetite is better than ever.
ERWIN GREENWOOD.
Cape Negro Island, Shelburne.

GRIMAULT & CO.'S
MATICO CAPSULES AND INJECTION.
Renowned Physicians prescribe GRIMAULT'S MATICO as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of ACUTE AND CHRONIC DISEASES. It has not, like COPAIBA, the inconvenience of giving NAUSEAS. The Injection is used in recent, and the Capsules in the more chronic cases.

TO YOUNG MOTHERS.
—By administering DUSARTS'S SYRUP OF LACTOPHOSPHATE OF LIME to wet nurse whose altered milk had occasioned serious and green diarrhœa to their *nurslings*, we have witnessed the disappearance of that disease, and the complete recovery of the little patients.
DOBLEAU & PAQUET,
Medical Doctors of Paris Hospital.

ASTHMA CURED.
I have, for some past years, been a great sufferer from *spasmodic asthma*. A friend kindly sent me a box of GRIMAULT'S INDIAN CIGARETTES ; I found them quite effectual, and much more agreeable and less irritating than the other preparations of that kind hitherto known.
W. LITTLE, Manchester.

SICK HEADACHE! NEURALGIA!
Messrs. Grimault and Co.,—Moved by a feeling of deep gratitude, I offer you my sincerest thanks for the good you have done in vulgarising GUARANA. For many years I have endured fearful *headaches* ; if I am now able to state that I am radically cured. I owe it to Guarana.
YHOU CAPELLEANO,
General Director of the Police Department,
Wchedinzi, Roumania.

Beware of Counterfeits ! The genuine preparations of GRIMAULT & Co. bear a stamp with their Trade Mark and the seal of the French Government.
Agents:—BARTHGATE & Co., SMITH, STRANISTREET & Co., BONNERJEE & Co., and NOREN, CHUNDER ; DAW & SONS, Calcutta ; TREACHER & Co., Bombay ; BARRIE & Co., MADON & Co., and NORTON & Co., Madras ; PLOWER & Co., Lahore ; PEAKE, ALLEN & Co., Lucknow ; RIGGS & Co., Bangalore.

CUSTOM HOUSE FORMS.
THE COLLECTOR of CUSTOMS, Bombay, has recently issued an order that Manifest and other Forms now in use in the Departments should be printed on HOWARD AND JONE'S CREAM WOVE PAPER. Mercantile firms, pass-note writers and shippers are hereby informed that the undermentioned forms, printed at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, will be sold at the Custom House and at the Carnac-bunder. Orders for large numbers should be sent to this office.

	Per Copy. Rs.	Per 100 Copies. Rs. a. p.
IMPORT PRIVATE MANIFEST. (Original, Duplicate, Triplicate, and Quadruplicate.)		
Large	5	2 6 0
Small	3	1 3 0
EXPORT SHIPPING BILL (Free Goods) (Original, Duplicate and Triplicate.)		
Large	3	1 1 0
Medium	2	0 13 0
Small	1½	0 10 0
EXPORT SHIPPING BILL (Dutiable Goods.).... ... ... (Original, Duplicate and Triplicate.)	3	1 4 0
IMPORT ENTRY.		
Large	2	0 12 0
Medium	1½	0 7 0
Small	1	0 5 0
IMPORT OUT OF CHARGE NOTE.		
Large	2	0 12 0
Medium	1½	0 7 0
Small	1	0 5 0
IMPORT GENERAL MANIFEST COUNTRY CRAFT. (Original and Duplicate.)		
Large	4	1 10 0
Small	2	0 13 0
EXPORT GENERAL MANIFEST COUNTRY CRAFT. (Original and Duplicate.)		
Large	4	1 10 0
Small	2	0 13 0
DRAWBACK NOTE. (Original, Duplicate and Triplicate.)		
Large	4	1 12 0
Small	2	0 13 0
DRAWBACK BILLS..... ..... (Original and Duplicate.)	4	1 12 0
DRAWBACK CERTIFICATES ...	4	1 12 0
TRANSHIP PERMIT. (Original, Duplicate and Triplicate.)		
Large	2	0 12 0
Small	1	0 5 0
CUSTOMS TREASURY RECEIPT..	2	0 13 0
SAND PASS	1	0 8 0
PORT-CLEARANCE	1½	0 10 0
RECEIPTION OF GOODS IN THE BONDED WAREHOUSE ...	2	0 10 0
LETTER FOR CLEARANCE OF IMPORT GENERAL MANIFEST.	2	0 10 0
IMPORT ENTRY—GUNPOWDER.	1	0 8 0
BONDED WAREHOUSE PASS ...	2	0 10 0
PRINCE'S DOCK RECEIPT ...	1	0 8 0
DELIVERY ORDER FROM GOVERNMENT WAREHOUSE ..	2	0 10 0
REFUND OF TOWN DUTY ...	2	0 10 0
PAYMENT OF TOWN DUTY ...	2	0 10 0
TOWN DUTY CLAIM	2	0 10 0
TOWN DUTY RECEIPT	1	0 8 0
TOWN DUTY BILL	3	1 0 0
WHARFAGE BILL	3	1 0 0

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000
LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
CHARLES LOWELL Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Ld.)
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposits at rates to be obtained on application.
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.
By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.
Bombay. April 1, 1881.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK
OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.
HEAD OFFICE :—65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.
LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.
MONEY REMITTED
At current rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and
On LONDON, | On IRELAND,
,, SCOTLAND, | ,, PARIS.
and also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.
If desired, the Bank will send the Drafts direct to the party whose address is given.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.
CUSTOMERS' SECURITIES are taken charge of. Dividends collected, and Investments and Sales of all descriptions of Securities effected.
INTEREST
On Current Deposit Accounts is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.
ON FIXED DEPOSITS.
On terms which may be ascertained on application at the Bank.
All letters should be addressed, and hoondies made payable, to the AGENT, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.
H. W. JONES,
Bombay, 8th December, 1880. Agent.

HOTELS.

LANOWLEE HOTEL,
A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
FOR FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN.
ARDASEER MERWANJEE, Proprietor.

ENGLISH HOTEL.
Hornby Row, opposite to Military Pay Office.

OUR NEW PREMISES have a delightful frontage, overlooking the Esplanade and freely open to the sea-breeze. This Hotel is in a central position, all the Public Offices, the two Railway Stations, and the Apollo Bunder being within a few minutes' walk. An excellent and liberal table.
PESTONJEE BAPOOJEE,
Bombay, January, 1880. Proprietor.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

THE BULL-DOG'S HEAD
BEER LABEL.
IN consequence of the high reputation of Read Brothers' Bottlings of Bass's Ale and Guinness's Stout, and the general use of the terms "Dog's Head Ale" and "Dog's Head Stout" in connection therewith, it has been decided by the Lords Justices to prohibit the use of any other Beer Label sufficiently similar in appearance to be called by the same name as the genuine Bottlings of Read Brothers, of London.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY.
LAGER BEER,
BY
ANDR. MULLER
OF
BREMEN.
JUST RECEIVED a small consignment in splendid condition.
Rs. 5-12 per doz. qts. or
Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen.
WARDEN & Co.
35, Meadow-street, Fort.

FOR SALE, at the Office of the undersigned :—
SHERRIES from Messrs. KENNETH MACKENZIE and Co. from Rs. 15-8 to Rs. 33 per dozen.
CHAMPAGNES from JOSEPH KOHNSTAMM, very SUPERIOR CART DORRE.
Quarts, Rs. 42 per dozen.
Pints, ,, 45 ,, ,,
Do. from GUSTAVE COLLIN, CARTE BLANCHE
Quarts, Rs. 36 per dozen.
Pints, ,, 39 ,, ,,
FLEUR DE SILLERY.
Quarts, Rs. 27 per dozen.
Pints, ,, 30 ,, ,,
SILLERY SUPRIEUR.
Quarts, Rs. 24 per dozen.
PILSENER BEER.
Quarts, Rs. 5-12 per dozen.
JOHN FLEMING & Co.
Bombay, 1st April, 1882.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 42, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABL PAINKILLER.
Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.
UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.
IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.
GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY—
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Pir Market, near Jumma Musjid.

SNOW-VIEW
TEA GARDEN
PALAMPUR P. O.
KANGRA VALLEY.
THE Proprietors of the Snow-View Tea Garden have determined to offer their Teas to the public direct from the Factory, thereby assuring to their constituents an unadulterated and UNMIXED article, and eliminating from the price of the Tea the Middleman's profits, which range from 40 to 100 per cent. They offer their produce at ORDINARY FACTORY QUOTATIONS for CASH WITH ORDER only.
They guarantee their Teas to be equal in manufacture to the best marks in the Kangra Valley.
For Rs. 3 nett they will send by V. P. P. Post BEARING a 1-lb. packet each of Orange Pekoe, Pekoe and Pekoe-Souchong, and so enable any purchaser to judge of the quality of the Tea without committing himself by making a large purchase.
The Postal charges average less than 8 as. per lb.
The Tea can be packed in 1, 5, 10, 20, 40, and 80-lb. packages. No extra charge for packing.

PRICE LIST.

ORANGE PEKOE	Re.	1 6 0 per lb.
PEKOE...	,,	1 2 0 ,,
PEKOE SOUCHONG	,,	1 0 0 ,,

Delivered free at Bombay or any Railway Station nearer to Lahore for 20 lbs. and over.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR & PRICE-LIST SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

ADDRESS:
THE PROPRIETOR,
SNOW-VIEW TEA GARDEN,
PALAMPUR, KANGRA VALLEY, PUNJAB.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
TO
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